The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,930—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 16
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

To Subscribers—Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	„ 29	Half-yearly	„ 36
Quarterly	„ 16	Quarterly	„ 20
Monthly	„ 6	Monthly	„ 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 1.

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 3 and Rs. 2.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ..... 8 As. per Line.
Second do. ..... 4½ „ „
Third and succeeding ..... 2¼ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion ..... Rs. 5 0
Second do. ..... „ 2 8
Third do. ..... „ 2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions .. 0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go o the inch.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1-0.
Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-8.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

DOMESTIC OCCURENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

Will despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CULNA, 2,027 Tons, on THURSDAY, 23rd September, 1880, at 3 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Allepye, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey Passengers right through to Metupalliam, where they will arrive at 7-15 p.m., and, after staying for the night, can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S.S. ABYSSINIA, 1,129 Tons, on TUESDAY, 21st September, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 Tons, on SATURDAY, 18th September, 1880, at 10 a. m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, DELAGOA BAY, HODEIDAH, AND JEDDAH.

THE S.S. ASSYRIA, 1,495 Tons, on FRIDAY, 24th September. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeidah and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by their Coasting Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 16th September, 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA and BOMBAY
on the 20th, on the 1st
of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 80
Suez	„ 300	„ 200	„ 90
Port Said	„ 380	„ 240	„ 90
Messina	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Naples	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Leghorn	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Genoa	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Marseilles	„ 530	„ 350	„ 145

Including Wines. Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay:—

SINGAPORE, to sail on FRIDAY, 1st October 1880.
MANILLA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st November 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through rates.

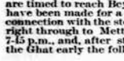
For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company,
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.
Bombay, 6th September 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL
(VIA MALTA).



THE following sailings have been arranged:—

	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	about
s.s. WESTOW HALL	T. Collin	2700	400	10th Oct.
s.s. SPEKE HALL	W. Brand	2700	400	to follow.
s.s. BRANKSOME HALL	R. Collin	2700	300	ditto.
s.s. CITY OF BALTIMORE	J. Verril	2300	300	ditto.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co. } Agents.
Bombay, 5th June 1880.

ANCHOR LINE

OF

TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN, AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE between BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, and MEDITERRANEAN. Nom. Commanders. Tons. H.P.

s.s. INDIA	Geo. A. Pelly	2289	500	about 21st Sept.
s.s. ITALIA	Thos. S. Knox.	2289	500	to follow.
s.s. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchison.	3060	400	do.
s.s. OLYMPIA	John Craig	3950	121	do.

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to	New York	Rs. 600
	Liverpool	„ 500
	Marseilles and Genoa	„ 450
	Naples	„ 400

For plans, hand-books of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service, either from Greenock or from London.

There are weekly sailings from either place.

P. GRANT & SON'S,

SADDLERS

AND

HARNESS MAKERS,

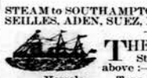
31 MEADOWS STREET,

BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.



THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains	1880.
s.s. KAISAR-I-HIND.	4083	700	R. Methven	18th Sept.
„ VERONA	3099	600	E. Ashdown	23th „
s.s. POONA	3130	550	H. Weighell	2nd Oct.
„ VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	9th „
s.s. THIBET	2193	400	W. R. Jordon	16th „
„ SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	23rd „
s.s. LOMBARDY	2723	450	A. W. Adamson.	30th „

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains	1880.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	24th Sept.
TEHERAN	2589	400	E. Stewart	8th Oct.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 31st August 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to Passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 29th March 1880.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 18th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at No 5, Grants Buildings, Colaba, the valuable and handsome carved and French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated glass and porcelain ware, &c., the property of H. Robottom, Esq., the same comprises glasswares, dinner and dessert services, plated cruet and pickle frames, cake and bread baskets, table spoons and forks, chamber candlesticks, cutlery and handsomely carved and French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture, comprising drawing-room, dining, pier, washhand and dressing tables, conversation and reclining couches, drawing-room easy and Mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, sideboard, teapoys, single and folding screens, chiffonier, four-post bedstead, baby's cot and cradle, clothes and gown presses, marble clocks, table and hanging lamps, clocks, flower-vases, figures, musical box, bath, and dispense room furniture, cooking utensils, &c.

Property on view.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 20th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

10 bales grey shirtings,
10 cases red ground chintz.
5 „ dhoties.
8 „ white mulls,
2 cases table cutlery, containing table and dessert knives and forks of sizes, pocket and penknives, carver knives and forks, chisels, &c.
1 case polishing paste, furniture polish, razor paste, paste powder, knife polish, &c., by Joseph Pickering.
3 sewing weighing machines with iron folding wings for weighing bales of wool, cotton, and other bulky articles, with chain and 3 wings to weigh 10 cwt., by P. Rogers and Co.
1 counter weighing machine with brass scoop.

On account of the concerned, ex s.s Branksome Hall—A S 2—1 bale 20 pieces gilor cloth.
W. T. Dawes—1 case stationery.

On MONDAY, the 20th instant, sale commencing at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the executors of the late R. D. Cairns, Esq., the effects belonging to the estate of the deceased gentleman, comprising a large assortment of household furniture, table ornaments and flower vases, musical box, figures, 1 iron lathe with tools, carpenters' tools and bench, 3 cameras of sizes with lenses, photographic tent, Cambay carpets, 1 carbine in leather case, 1 collapsible canoe with oars, 1 English built dog-cart, a set of English-made brass mounted single harness, &c.

By order of Memon Hajee Haroon Mahomed and on account and at the risk of Messrs. G. S. Judge and Harry Judge.

2 silver masonic card stands with glass trays.
1 Cashmere and 1 China shawl.
These are on view.

On SATURDAY, the 25th inst., sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Byculla, opposite the Metal Mart, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated, glass, and porcelain ware, the property of W. Coen, Esq.

Full particulars will appear hereafter.

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 179, Malabar Hill, near the Reservoir, the valuable and handsome carved and French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a first class mahogany acwi-grand pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, rich table ornaments and figures, a handsome open carriage by Edwin Kesterton of Longacre, a pair of well-matched fast trotting bay horses, &c., the property of Deputy Surgeon General W. J. Moore.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 17th September, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DAVE CARSON'S COMPANY

HAVE ARRIVED in BOMBAY, and will give one of their UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENTS during next week, due notice of which will be given.

Adelphi Hotel, Sept. 16, 1880.

DOGS

may be kept clean and free from insects by the use of

	Cash prices. Rs.	a.
Calvert's Carbolic Dog Soap, per tablet	0	6
Calvert's Carbolic Soft Soap, per jar as. 12 &	1	4
Keating's Insect Powder, per bottle	0	12
McDougall's Carbdé Soap, per bar	1	8
Naldire's Dog Soap, per tablet	0	12
and may be relieved from Worms by Naldire's Powders, per packet	1	8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BEVERAGES FOR CHOTA HAZRI

DURING THE MONSOON.

CHOCOLATE MENIER.

Sante	per ½ lb. packet, Cash		Rs.	0 12
Surfin	„	„	„	1- 2
Vanille	„	„	„	1- 4

ANNUAL CONSUMPTION
SEVERAL MILLION POUNDS.
COCOAS, COCOATINA, COCOA NIBS, &c.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

THE COMPANY'S WHOLESALE
QUARTERLY PRICE CURRENT
OF
DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS,
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS & APPLIANCES,
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES OF ALL KINDS,
FOR AUGUST, 1880,
Sent Free on receipt of Professional or Business Card

IN the above we have endeavoured to meet the requirements of our Medical Friends and Constituents throughout India, to whose notice and that of the Profession generally we submit the following considerations.

Through our London Agency we are in a position to avail ourselves of all favourable fluctuations in rates, and of personal selection in the best markets.

Many Chemicals and Pharmaceutical Preparations heretofore imported are now prepared in our own Laboratory, ensuring purity, freshness, and reduction of rates.

The rates will be found very moderate, and indents for large quantities will meet with liberal reductions.

Our Staff and other resources are such as to enable promptitude of execution and despatch of all indents entrusted to us.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE, FORT.

Lessee and Manager ..... T. P. HUDSON.

THE HOME OF MUSIC, MIRTH, & MELODY.

THE PUBLIC AMAZED AT THE BRILLIANCY OF THE ENTERTAINMENT PRESENTED BY

HUDSON'S
SURPRISE
PARTY.

FIRST GRAND FASHIONABLE PERFORMANCE THIS FRIDAY EVENING.

OUR NEW PROGRAMME A DECIDED HIT, WHICH WILL BE REPEATED TO-NIGHT FOR THE LAST TIME IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR MORE NOVELTIES.

READ THE ITEMS.

GOING TO FIGHT THE ZULUS.

HUDSON'S ECCENTRICITIES.

Misses MAVEN'S AND BURTON'S VOCAL DUETS.

GLOVER'S AMUSING VOCALISMS.

THE COMING MAN.

Miss DE GAY'S WONDERFUL VIOLIN SOLOS.

HUDSON'S AND HOLLY'S PLANTATION PASTIMES

AND THE SCREAMING SKETCH
THE SKELETON WITNESS.

NEW BALLADS, DUETS, JOKES, DANCES, &c.

Prices of Admission: Rs. 4, 3, 2, and 1.

Soldiers, Sailors, and Volunteers in uniform, half price to Back Seats.

Box and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

Doors open at 8-30, performance commence at 9.

H. SANTLY, Agent.

KAP'S Iron GRAND PIANO will be used at these entertainments. A stock can be seen at SOUNDY and Co.'s.

NOTICE.—Another great Bill of Novelties, to-morrow evening.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—LECTURE, By the Rev. I. F. ROW, at the General Assembly's Institution, Kalbadevi, this FRIDAY EVENING, at 8-30.

SUBJECT:—"The Immortality of the Soul."

The Lecture is open to the public generally, including Ladies.

KEILLER'S MARMALADE,

Per 1 lb. tin, Cash, 7 annas,
„ 2 lbs. do. 13 do.

SOLE AGENTS,

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

WANTED, for service at the FRONT, one 1st Class INSPECTOR on Rs. 75, one Shroff on Rs. 100, and five clerks on Rs. 60 each per mensem with free rations beyond the Frontier. Inspector and clerks must be able to correspond and keep Cash Accounts. Apply to the undersigned.

WRIMELSEY TENNYSEN, Lt. Col.,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS for SUPPLIES of GRAIN, HAY, GREEN GRASS and RICE STRAW for MUNICIPAL BULLOCKS, hereafter &c. from 1st December, 1880 to 30th November, 1881 will be received by the undersigned up to 11 o'clock a.m., SATURDAY the 25th instant.

Forms of tenders may be had at the Undersigned's Office on payment of Re. 1 each.

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. H. GRANT,
Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Commr's Office, Bombay, 16th September, 1880.

THE SIND PRESS COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is HEREBY given that the ORDINARY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 31, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, on FRIDAY the 1st day of October next at 3 p.m., for the transaction of the following business, viz.:—

1. To receive the Director's Report and Audited statement of Accounts up to 31st May, 1880.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of them who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Directors,
SUNDARROW RAGHUNATH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 10th September, 1880.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 18th SEPTEMBER to 1st OCTOBER, 1880, both days inclusive.

NEW BERAR COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN, that the SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the NEW BERAR COMPANY, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7 and 9, Church Gate Street, on FRIDAY the 24th September, at 3 P. M., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts up to 30th June, 1880.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 17th to 30th September, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
GADDUM & Co.,
Secretaries & Treasurers.

Bombay, 6th September, 1880.

THE ONLY PERFECT HAIR DYE.

D. S. KEMP & CO.'S
CIRCASSIAN FLUID

SURPASSES all existing dyes in the purity, delicacy, and natural appearance of its results.

"You will perhaps be gratified to know that I consider the preparation you sent me highly satisfactory. It is quickly applied, is very effective and far preferable to the article made by a noted London manufacturer." (sd.) N. V., November 5th, 1879.

Per Case Rs. 2.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

WATSON & CO.

SWAMY JEWELLERY

GOLD OR SILVER.

LOCKETS, BRACELETS, NECKLETS,
BROOCHES, EARRINGS, CHAINS,
PENDANTS, CROSSES, RINGS,
BANGLES, BELTS, CHATALAINES,
PINS, LINKS, STUDS.

CUTCH WORK.

RACE CUPS, MESS CUPS, CHRISTENING CUPS,
JUGS, SALVERS, PUNCH-BOWLS,
TEA SETS, COFFEE SETS, DESSERT SETS,
SALTS, MUFFINEERS, CRUETS,
KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS,
VASES, FLOWER TUBES, BOQUET-HOLDERS,
CIGAR CASES, CIGARETTE CASES, CARD CASES.

Illustrated Price Catalogue Post Free.

DESIGNS OF ANY DESCRIPTION MADE TO ORDER.

ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

WARBURG'S FEVER TINCTURE

THIS Tincture, so celebrated for the cure of the most inveterate Malarial Fevers, is now prepared in the Laboratory of the undersigned, according to the formula published by Dr. Carl Warburg, the most scrupulous care being observed in selecting the ingredients and in the process. One phial is sufficient for each case of Fever.

Per Phial Re. 1.; per dozen Rs. 9.; per pound (in bulk) quoted on application.

Sulphate of Quino-Cinchonine

(1 of 1 = 0)

The Crystalline representative of Indian Cinchoona Bark. Strongly recommended as a substitute for Quinine. Much superior to the Government Febrifuge or any of the minor alkaloids of Cinchona.

Per ounce Rs. 3-12. Wholesale quotation on application.

Kemp's Purifying Saline

To regard any imported nostrum as superior to the above is an utter delusion. An enormous consumption in the Bombay Presidency and an experience exceeding twenty-five years guarantee its Medicinal excellence. Per bottle Rs. 1-4; per dozen Rs. 12.

Kemp's Caucasian Insect Powder

"Best thing of the kind I ever saw."
"A boon to all sportsmen."
"My experience of it most satisfactory."
"Safe, efficacious, and economical."
"Unparalleled in expelling mosquitoes."
"Admirable."
"Efficacious, and shall be glad to recommend it."

Tins, Re. 1, Re. 1-12, and Rs. 3-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
Wholesale Chemists and Manufacturers
(WHOLESALE PRICE LIST ON RECEIPT OF CARD)
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.

GENERAL GYMKHANA KIT.

TREACHER and COMPANY are periodically in receipt of large supplies from the leading English Houses, who manufacture the goods, in accordance with TREACHER & Co.'s long and practical experience, specially to meet the requirements of the Indian climate, an advantage presented by no other House in India.

GYMKHANA AND OUTDOOR GAMES.

BADMINTON KIT.

	Cash prices. Rs.	a.
Complete Sets	45	0
Jefferies Bats, each	7	0
India Rubber Balls, doz. Rs. 3 4 to	4	4
Nets of colored card, each	5	4
„ with poles, &c., complete	12	0
Shuttlecocks, doz. Rs. 3 0 to	4	8
Do. with I. R. Bottoms, each	0	14

BOXING GLOVES.

Buckskin and Chamois, horse hair stuffed, set of four	9	0

CRICKET KIT.

Balls, Boys', strongly Sewn, Re. 1 4 to	2	0
„ Double seamed, each	3	8
„ Treble seamed, „	4	4
Bats, Boys', Rs. 2 0 to	4	0
„ Match for practice, each	5	8
„ „ best selected „	7	0
„ Single Cane „	8	8
„ Double Cane „	10	0
„ Treble Cane „	11	0
„ All Cane „	12	0
„ Presentation „	16	0
Batting Gloves, pair	5	8
Leg Guards, Chamois „	6	8
„ „ Buckskin „	7	8
Measuring Tapes, 66 feet, each	5	12
Nets for long stopping, each	12	8
Scoring Books, Rs. 2 4 to	5	8
Shoes fitted with Spikes,	11	0
Stumps, plain Ash, set	4	8
„ with Brass Ferrules, „	7	0
„ „ and iron points, „	8	0
Wicket-keeping Gauntlets, pair	6	8
Lilywhite's Guide	0	12

DUMB BELLS.

Leather covered, 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18 lbs. per pair, lb.	0	5

FENCING KIT.

	Rs.	a.
Gloves, pair	3	0
Hand Guards, wicker basket „	1	4
„ Buffalo „	4	8
Masks, best Wire, pair Rs. 5 8 to	7	8
Single Sticks, English, pair	1	0
Jackets and Lounging Pads		

FIVES.

Bats, each	2	4
Balls, doz.	4	0

FISHING KIT.

Flies, artificial, doz. Rs. 1 12 to	2	12
Floats, each „ 0 6 „	0	14
Gimp Traces, „ „ 0 10 „	0	12
Gut, Trout, hank	2	4
„ Salmon, „	9	0
„ Casting Lines, each Rs. 0 12 to	2	0
„ Traces, „ „ 0 12 to	1	12

FISHING KIT.—*Continued.*

	Cash prices. Rs.	a.
Hooks Limerick, dozen Rs. 0 4 to	0	6
„ Strong Treble, „ „ 2 4 to	3	0
Hooks on Gimp, „ „ 1 4 to	2	12
„ „ Gut, „ „ 1 0 to	2	0
Lead Twine, bundle	1	2
Lines, Plaited Silk, Plaited Silk Water proofed, and Twisted Silk and Hair, in 60, 80 and 100 yard lengths		
Lines Manchester Cotton Twine Company's, 60 yard lengths	2	0
Do. do. Water-proofed	2	8
Minnows, Phantom, each Rs. 2 0 to	2	8
Reels, Brass, with secret checks, „ 5 0 to	7	8
Rods, varying kinds and prices „ 14 0 to	32	0
Spoon Baits, each Re. 1 4 to	1	12

FOOTBALL.

Balls, with specially dressed hide leather, Rs. 6 0 to	8	8
„ „ Flannel, „ 2 4 to	3	8
Spare Rubber insides, „		

GOLF.

Balls, doz.	10	8
Cleeks and Irons, each	4	8
Play Clubs and Putters, „	3	8
Spoons, long, middle, and short, „	3	8

HORIZONTAL BARS.

The "Regimental," specially adapted for Military Gymnasia, with a one inch Steel Core running through its centre, complete with iron stays and screws, 100	0	

LAWN TENNIS.

Complete Sets,	54	0
Balls, India Rubber, doz. Rs. 3 4 to	4	4
„ Flannel Covered, „ 8 0 „	10	0
„ Canvas Covered, doz.	8	0
Bats, English, Ladies, each	5	4
„ „ Gents, „	6	12
Nets complete,	9	0

POLO.

Canes with ashwood heads, each	2	4
„ „ box wood, „	3	0
Balls, doz.	6	0

QUOITS.

4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 6½ lbs. per pair.

Steel, pound	1	0
Galvanised Iron, „	1	2
Brass, „	1	12

pins charged extra.

RACKETS.

Jefferies' Bats, ash handled, each	11	0
„ cane handled, „	14	0
„ Balls, doz. Re. 1-8 gross	16	0
Presses, each	9	8
Shoes, pair	10	8
String, Set of three	3	8

SWIMMING BELTS.

Cork, canvas covered, Rs. 4 8 and	5	0

PARLOUR AND INDOOR GAMES.

BILLIARD KIT.

Balls, best African Ivory set Rs. 27 0 to	54	0
„ „ „ Pool,	130	0
„ „ „ Pyramid,	175	0
Cloth, finest West of England for full sized Table and Cushions,	100	0
Cues, plain ash and fancy inlaid,		
Cue cement, bottle	0	12
Cue Tips, hundred	3	8
Cue Tip fasteners, each	3	0
Pockets, strongest cord, set of six	6	4
Marking Boards, Pool Boxes, Rules, &c.		

BEZIQUE.

Sets for two players, Rs. 1 8 to	15	0
„ „ four, „ 3 0 to	20	0

CRIBBAGE.

Boards Straight and triangular, Re. 1 8 to	2	0
Boxes for one and two packs of cards, Rs. 1 12 and	3	-
"Our Mutual Friend" cases, Rs. 2 - to	4	0

DICE.

Best Ivory, set of three	1	0
Red Leather Cups, pair	1	2

DOMINOES.

Double Sixes, set Rs. 1 8 and	3	0
Double Nines, „ „ 2 4 „	4	0

PLAYING CARDS.

Assorted colours and patterns in large variety.

Third Harrys, pack	0	10
Figured Harrys, „	1	2
Gold Harrys, „	1	4
Club House Moguls, „	1	4
Extra-figured Moguls, „	1	8
Palace Moguls, „	1	12
Palace Gold Moguls, „	2	0

PLAYING CARDS—*Continued.*

American "Squeezers", pack	1	8
Do. with Gilt Edges, „	1	12

A reduction in price by the dozen packs.

DRAUGHTS.

Leather covered Boards, Rs. 3 8 to	5	8
Ebony and Boxwood men sets, „ 1 4 to	1	12

RACE GAME.

Boards with men, &c.	7	0

CHESS.

Leather covered Boards, Rs. 3 8 to	4	8
Ebony and Boxwood men, „ 3 4 „	4	12
Mahogany Travelling Boards, „ 6 0 „	12	0
"B. C. D." Boards	9	0

COMPENDIUM OF GAMES.

Compendium	30	0
Cabinet with drawer	40	0
Royal Cabinet with wings	60	0
Multitudes	34	0
Combination set of Parlour Games for Children	22	8

GO-BANG.

Sets complete, Rs. 4 8 to	7	0
Planchette Boards,	5	4
Pope Joan Boards,	5	0

WHIST MARKERS.

Cavendish, pair	3	8
Camden, „	3	8

Treatises and Guides on Whist.

BACKGAMMON.

Book-form Boards,	5	8
Do. with men and dice	7	0

Detailed Illustrated Catalogues gratis on Application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

"Is a success and boon for which Nations should feel grateful."—See *Medical Press, Lancet, British Medical Journal, &c.*

"Consumption in England increased tenfold in ten years."

Invariably adopted when once fairly tried.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label.

FINEST and CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK, for SOUPS, MADE DISHES & SAUCES.

INVALUABLE for INDIA, on ACCOUNT of its KEEPING GOOD in the HOTTEST CLIMATES, and for ANY LENGTH of TIME.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Limited, 43, Mark Lane, London, England.

TRUNKS, PORTMANTEAUS, & BAGS.

ASQUITH and LORD have a large stock of the above, made by the best English Manufacturers. The Material and Workmanship is the best procurable, and they can be recommended for convenience, strength, and durability.

CASH PRICES.

	Inches.	Rs.	as.
Overland Trunks, made of best japanned canvas; edges bound with leather, strong iron ribs, copper rivetted, strong tumbler lock	27 30 33 36	27 30 33 36	0 0 0 0
An extra strong article, made as above of stout dull japanned canvas, the most durable trunk made	27 30 33 36	30 36 39 42	0 0 0 0
Ladies' Travelling Trunk, made of best japanned canvas, light

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 16, 1880.

MARKET closed for holidays.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE barque Fateh Moharac, 51 tons, Nacoda, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mozambique (21st Aug.) with a general cargo.

THE A. S. N. Co.'s steamer Peshwa, 1,390 tons, Captain J. Carson, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and Miss Swansigar as a passenger.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Khundala, 1,318 tons, Captain J. Smith, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Major and Mrs. Wetherell, Mr. C. A. Prescott, and 10 deck.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO Co.'s steamer Singapore, 2,411 tons, Captain G. Merello, which arrived in harbour on the 15th inst. from Genoa (24th August), brought the following cargo:—From Bordeaux.—2,797 packages brandy, 222 package wine, 27 cases champagne, 2 packages goods, 1 case perfumery, 50 cases liquor, 14 packages plums, and 45 packages corks. From London.—3,180 bars iron, 379 bales papers, 120 cases piecegoods, 145 packages merchandise, 93 bales twist, 10 casks blacking, 51 packages glassware, 25 packages paints and colour, 101 packages liquor, 30 packages chalk, and 107 cases matches. From Marseilles.—112 packages piecegoods, 18 packages wine and provisions, 50 packages specie, 12 packages cartridges, 37 packages goods, 125 packages sulpher, 3 cases liquor, 12 packages oil, 60 packages varnish, and 20 bales twist. From Genoa.—31 packages piecegoods, 30 packages wine, 33 cases papers, 183 packages corks, 21 packages specie, 22 packages goods, 3 cases brandy, 18 packages glassware, 500 packages alum, and 60 packages cologne. From Naples.—37 cases fruit, and 16 bales papers. From Leghorn.—1 package wine, and 1353 slabs marbles. From Aden.—3 packages specie, 10 packages medicine, 48 packages gum, 129 packages munjeet, 1 box specie, and 4 packages piecegoods.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
15	Singapore (s)	Merello	Genoa, Aug 24.
16	Fateh Moharac	Nacoda	Mozambique, Aug 21
	Yarkand	Callander	Newport, June 11.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
16	Sultan Rasha	Nacoda	Shoare,
	Peshwa (s)	Carson	Coast and Calcutta.
	Khundalla (s)	Smith	Coast and Calcutta.

The steamer Singapore, to Genoa, was entered for loading yesterday.

MADRAS.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.		
13	Almora (s)	Calcutta.
	Meridian	Balasore.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 16.

FOR LONDON.

Kaisar-i-Hind s—6 cases carpets, Hajee Saboodin Mohidin; 2 bundles and 15 pieces ivory, Currimbhoy Alloobhoy.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Singapore s—732 cwts horns, F Sanquet and Co; 350 bales cotton, L Singer and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore s—30 bales cotton, L Singer and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Kaisar-i-Hind s—7 packages silk, Hajee Zanal Abedin.

FOR HONGKONG.

Zambesi s—33 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 15th September 1880.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·700
Temperature of the Air	77·4
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76·9
Dew Point	75·5
Relative humidity of Air	937
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	7·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	81·4
Minimum do. (read at 10 a.m.)	74·6
General Direction of Wind	WNW., W, WSW., SW, WSW., W.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	347
Fall of Rain	0·66
Total fall during month	13·43
do. do. year	57·29
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 16th Sept.	1·69

From midnight to midnight.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 17.

(Before the Hon the Chief JUSTICE and the Hon Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

415—Macfarlane and G—Vullebhai and others vs Premjee Tricumdass—H W Payne; part heard.

[Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

[illegible]—Prescot and W; part heard.

[Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE WEST.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

428-79—Hearn, C and L—Munchershaw Bezonjee vs the New Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy S and W Co—Crawford, and B; part heard.

[Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Causes.

371-80—In person (a pauper)—Gunnoo Raghowjee Dalal vs Kamaiee Jeejaiee—J C Cama; settled.

372-80—In person (a pauper)—Ramjee bin Khooshiaba and another vs Kamajee Jeejaiee—J C Cama; settled.

Long Causes.

216-80—Shapurjee and T—Oomajee; Lingoo vs Ruckmabai and others—Tobin and R; part heard.

In the information of witnesses in the matter of Indian Company's Act X of 1865 and in the matter of George Hutte and Wm Co. Ld. in liquidation. R MNayani—Cassumbhoy Dhurrumsey petitioner, vs C A Turner, official liquidator.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 13.

Gomes, Surg, on duty, from Deolalee.

SEPTEMBER 15.

Caulfeild, Major, Staff Corps, on duty, from England.

Baird, Lieut, 14th Regt, on Medl Cert, from Lucknow.

SEPTEMBER 16.

Hamilton, Lieut, 14th Hussars, on sick leave, from Kabul.

Temple, Lieut, R H A, on sick leave, from Peshawar.

Wilkinson, Captain, 5th Regt, on duty, from Meerut.

Hensington, Captain, R E, on Medl Cert, from Peshawar.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 15.

DaBanlay, Lieut, R A, on duty, to Mecan Meer.

SEPTEMBER 16.

Manners, 2nd Lieut, 15th Hussars, on duty, to Meerut.

Kettlewell, Lieut Col, 20th Bombay N I, on leave, to Poona.

Wetherell, Major 16th Regt, from leave, to Cannanore.

Poole, Captain, 67th Regt, on duty, to Allahabad.

Holmes, 2nd Lieut, 8th Hussars, on duty, to Peshawar.

Mellish, Lieut, R A, on duty, to Mecan Meer.

Head, Lieut, R A, on duty, to Ferozpore.

Crampton, Lieut, R A, on duty, to Lucknow.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay Government Gazette, Sept. 16.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The services of Lieut G R C Westropp, 83rd Foot, are placed at the disposal of the Comsy Genl for temporary duty in the Comst Dept, vice Lieut Shephard, 24th Foot.

The following Native promotion is made subject to confirmation by the Govt of India:—

10th Regiment N I. I—Havaldar Dhurmajee Cuddum to be Jemadar, as a special mark of the approbation of Govt for the skill and bravery displayed by him whilst in command of an escort on the occasion of its being attacked by the enemy in Southern Afghanistan.

Major C Swinhoe, Depy Assist Comsy Genl, First Class, is appointed to act as Depy Comsy Genl, Kandahar Force, vice Lieut-Col Shewell, deceased.

The undermentioned soldier of H M's British Forces having been authorized to be discharged at his own request free with pension after twenty-one years' service and to reside and receive his stipend in the Cape of Good Hope, is permitted to draw his pay and allowances in this Presidency pending embarkation for that Colony:—

Private Samuel Wilkinson, 2-17th Regt.

The following Order is confirmed:—

2nd Division (Kandahar Field Force) Order, dated 20th Aug, directing Col J H Henderson, Comdg Line of Communications, to Command the Reserve Bgde, in addition to his own duties, vice Bgdr-Genl Wood, C B, proceeded on leave on medical certificate to India.

Capt T G Pudan, Sind Volunteer Rifle Corps, is granted leave in India for four months on private affairs.

Captain J R Watson, S C, Wing Officer, 16th Regt N I, is allowed furlough to Europe for eighteen months on medical certificate:—

Captain J T Carruthers, S C, Wing Officer and Adjt, 16th Regt N I, is allowed furlough to Europe for eighteen months, on medical certificate.

Consequent on the death of Lieut-Col A M Shewell, late Depy Asst Comy Genl, First Class, the following promotions in the Comst Dept are ordered to have effect from the 3rd instant:—

Captain W B Seton, Depy Asst Comsy Genl, Second Class, to be Depy Asst Comsy Genl, First Class, continuing to act as Asst Comsy Genl, Second Class.

Major J. Hibbert, Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, First Class, to be Depy Asst Comsy Genl, Second Class, continuing to act as Depy Asst Comsy Genl, First Class.

Captain G B E Radcliffe, Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, Second Class, (on furlough,) to be Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, First Class.

Major J L Fagan, Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, Third Class, to be Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, Second Class, continuing to act as Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, First Class.

Lieut E A Barclay to be Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, Third Class, on probation, to fill present vacancy and to act as Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, First Class.

The following order is confirmed:—

Second Division (Kandahar Field Force) Order, dated 20th Aug, appointing Capt W H Lyster, Wing Officer, 24th Regt N I, to officiate as Bgde Major, Line of Communications, vice Capt Cooke-Collis, Offg as Asst Adjt Genl to the Division.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secy of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—

Surgn-Major H R L McDougall, two months, medical certificate.

Surgeon D C Davidson, three months, medical certificate

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr J G Dobbie, Supdg Engr, B I S N Company, is appointed a Member of the Local Marine Board of Examiners for the examination of Engrs, vice Mr J Clark, resigned.

Captain A C Clark, Actg Surveyor, to Lloyd's, Agency, Bombay, is appointed as one of the Examiners in Seamanship, vice Capt J Dixon, deceased.

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr E V Mackay is appointed substantive Asst Political Agent, Mahi Kantha.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Balkrishna Nilkanth, pensioned Sub-Regr of Barsi, to be Village Munsif under the Dekkhan Agriculturists Relief Act, for the town of Barsi in the Sholapur District, vice Mr Rango Balwant, resigned.

Mr J R Naylor, Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months and fifteen days, from the 4th October next. Mr E Cordeaux is appointed to acts as Remembrancer of Legal Affairs during Mr Naylor's absence, or until further orders.

His Excellency the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Narayan Mudhoji Deshmukh to be Conciliator under the Dekkhan Agriculturists Relief Act, for the Madhe Circle and Taluka of the Sholapur District, vice Azam Nanaji Vithal Vakil, resigned.

His Excellency the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Byramji Rustamji to act as Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Bulsar in the Surat District, during the absence of Mr. Balram Motiram on leave, or until further orders.

His Excellency the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Pandurang Saddashiv Shahane to be Conciliator under the Dekkhan Agriculturists Relief Act, for the Nagar Taluka of the Ahmednagar District, vice Rao Bahadur Krishnaji Wasudew, resigned.

His Excellency the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Purshotam Mahadev to act as Clerk of the Second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Alibag in the Thana District, during the absence of Mr. Vithal Viswanath on leave, or until further orders.

The Right Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned Magistrates of the First Class in the District of Belgaum to be Visitors of the District Jail at Belgaum:

Mr. J F Fleet and Mr Balkrishna Devrao.

The Right Hon the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from the 16th instant:—

Mr Balaji Balkrishna, Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Bhiwndi in the Thana District, to be Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Pen in the same District.

Mr. Atmaram Balkrishna, Clerk of the Subordinate Judge's Court at Bhiwndi.

Azam Atmaram Baoji, Actg Head Karkun of Taluka Nasik, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Nasik.

Azam Sakharam Chimnaji, Actg Head Karkun of Taluka Chalisgaon in the District of Khandesh, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the District of Khandesh.

Azam Ganesh Chimnaji Wad, Head Karkun of Chandor in the District of Nask, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in the Nasik District.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Narayen Vinayek Sathe, B A, is appointed to be Head Master of the Satara High School, but to continue to act as Head Master of the Ratnagiri High School for the present.

Mr K G Kelkar, B A, to act as Head Master of the Satara High School until relieved by Mr. Sathe.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Raghvendra Ramchudra, late Gumasta Kulkarni of Mouza Yelji, Taluka Indi, of the Kaladji Collectorate, having been convicted of the offence of theft, is declared ineligible for re-employment in any capacity under Govt.

His Excellency the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr Rangrao Bhimaji to act till further orders as District Depy Collr, Belgaum.

Mr Balkrishna Devrao to act till further orders as District Depy Collr, Amednagar.

Mr W R Hamilton is re-appointed to be Huzur Depy Collr at Ahmednagar.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H A Acworth, Actg Under Secretary to Govt in the Revenue, Financial and Genl Depts of the Secretariate, is allowed special leave on urgent private affairs for forty days from 1st October next.

Mr. J. M. Campbell, Compiler of the Bombay Gazetteer, is appointed to act as Under Secy to Govt in the Revenue, Financial and Genl Depts during Mr. Acworth's absence, in addition to his own duties.

The services of Surgn J Macgregor are placed at the disposal of Govt in the Military Dept.

Honorary Surgn J Leahy is appointed to the Civil Medical duties at Thana, temporarily.

The transfer has been made on public grounds and not at the request of Honorary Surgn Leahy.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Consequent on the appointment of Rao Saheb Ramchander Bapuji to the permanent office of District Depy Collr, the following arrangements are made:—

Rao Saheb Shaligram Ramchandra, substantive pro tem. Second Grade Head Accountant at Ahmednagar, is confirmed in that appointment.

Rao Saheb Moro Balal Bhagwat to be Fourth Grade Head Accountant at Poona, vice Rao Saheb Shaligram Ramchandra.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS. REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT.-COLONEL COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 16th September 1880.

1. The undermentioned members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to E. Company:—

Nos. 1292 J Kempster, and 1293, C Wale.

By Order,
W. M. TENNENT, Captain,
Actg. Adjt. B. V. R. C.

ENLARGEMENT

OF THE

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

FROM To-day the BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY (compiled weekly for transmission to Europe) and the BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET (compiled weekly for Indian Readers) will be issued in an ENLARGED form, and printed with NEW TYPE from the foundry of Messrs. Miller and Richard, of Edinburgh, Type Founders to Her Majesty.

The enlargement of these weekly editions of the BOMBAY GAZETTE will enable every occurrence of importance to be given with adequate fulness in their columns.

Telegraphic Information from all parts of India will be found in their pages.

The BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET contains, besides the Letters of the various London Correspondents of the BOMBAY GAZETTE, an epitome of the news brought by the last English Mail; and all Reuter's telegrams of the previous week.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy.....Annas 4

NOTICE.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co. are happy to announce that, in consequence of continually increasing sale of MR. MENIST'S the CELEBRATED SPECTACLES, EYEGLASSES, &c., for which they are the appointed Agents, they are enabled to make a REDUCTION of TWENTY PER CENT. on the former prices, thus placing these VALUABLE AIDS to DEFECTIVE VISION within reach of EVERY ONE.

HARRIS AND LAWRENCE,
OCULISTS' OPTICIANS,
20, RAMPART ROW,
(NEXT THE ORIENTAL BANK,)
BOMBAY.

Opticians to the Bombay Ophthalmic Hospital.

REGISTERED PROPRIETORS of the LUCULENT and METRICAL SPECTACLES, which are used in all Ophthalmic Hospitals, and prescribed by all Surgeon Oculists. For the convenience of those who are unable to visit us, we have published a copy-righted system of TEST TYPES for self-fitting, which we will forward FREE on application.

BOMBAY MILITARY RELIEF FUND.

GENTLEMEN are earnestly requested to PAY the amount of their SUBSCRIPTIONS into the BANK OF BOMBAY at their earliest convenience.

T. S. WEIR,
DOSABHOY FRAMJEE.
Honorary Secretaries.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bulsar Station.

Agent: EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI, Wine Merchant.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"OBSERVER," "E." and "VOX POPULI."—Received.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DOWDING—September 9th, at Hyderabad, Deccan, of fever, Frederick T. Dowding, of the Educational Department, and Tutor to H H the Nizam, aged 29 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

SCOTT—September 11th, at Naini Tal, the wife of W E Scott, Lieutenant, 6th Royal Regiment, of a son.

HOARE—September 14th, at Allahabad, Ceci la, the wife of Mr M J Hoare.

ROBERTS—September 9th, at Kamptee, C P, the wife of Major R S Roberts, D A Q M G, Nagpore Force, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

HODSON—LINCOLN—September 1st, at Christ Church, Mussoorie, by the Rev. R. Hammond, Robert Doveton Hodson, Surgeon, Army Medical Department, eldest son of the late Colonel B. Hodson, Madras Army, to Florence Ann, eldest daughter of F. Lincoln, Esq., District Judge, Sitapur, Oudh.

DEATH.

EWART—September 9th, at Simla, Charles Ewart, eldest son of Major C H Ewart, Bengal Staff Corps, aged 20 years.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1880.

THE Presidency Small Cause Courts Bill, 1880, with the usual statement of objects and reasons was reprinted in the *Bombay Government Gazette* yesterday. The latter document is noteworthy from the frank way in which it invites public criticism with reference to certain proposals included in the Bill, as well as to some other points on which the framers of the Bill—with a modesty and reticence which is perfectly surprising—are still so much in doubt that they do not see their way to making definite proposals. We shall show some reasons for suspecting that this childlike and bland demeanour of the codifier is not altogether as innocent as it looks. But we must be grateful for small mercies at the hands of our Simla friends. And we take a note of the fact that with regard to one point at least Mr. W. Stokes hopes the public will be good enough to let him know what they really wish in the matter. Mr. Stokes has become all at once as accommodating as Lord Derby declared himself to be in the Foreign Office. We trust the public will take him at his word before he has time to go back to his more usual mental attitude.

It is, however, characteristic of Mr. Stokes that the one point on which he expresses the hope that the publication of the Bill will enlighten him as to public opinion with regard to it, is a point on which we cannot doubt that he has irrevocably made up his mind. We refer to the extension of the jurisdiction of our Indian Small Cause Courts to suits involving sums of Rs. 2,000 and under. Mr. Stokes intimates that this—which is the feature of the Bill—meets with some opposition from the High Court of Bombay; but he goes on to say that the opposition appears to proceed, not so much from any objection to the principle of the extension as from a fear that it will not be acceptable to the public. We should be anxious to know what it was the Bombay High Court really did say which Mr. Stokes thus travesties. We mean no slight to Mr. Stokes personally. But of all the literary accomplishments that have flourished at Simla, for the last three or four years the one which has secured the most brilliant development is undoubtedly the art of deceiving yourself as to an opponent's statement with the result of deceiving others. We do not, of course, know what the Bombay Bench did say; but we are quite certain that they said nothing so fatuous as that they did not object to the principle of the extension, but were afraid the public would not like it.

We have already intimated our approval of the extension. The procedure in the Small Cause Court is cheap and efficient. Its popularity is sufficiently testified to by the fact that the nominal value of the sum in dispute is often at present reduced to Rs. 1,000 to bring the case within the jurisdiction of the court; and we have little doubt that the same thing will be done when the jurisdiction has been extended. On another of the three points to which Mr. Stokes calls attention in his statement we have already, also, offered our contribution to the discussion which is invited. To allow appeals to the High Court on matters of fact as well as on points of law in, all cases where the value of the suit exceeds Rs. 1,000 would be a fair compromise between the out-and-out supporters of the extension of jurisdiction, and authorities like the Bombay High Court who—it may perhaps be hazarded by reading Mr. Stokes' remark about them backwards—are probably of opinion that it will in the end entail much inconvenience on the public if disputes as to sums of such magnitude as Rs. 2,000 are liable to be summarily settled by a Small Cause Court judge. We have urged that no weight should be attached to the plea that to allow appeals would involve the taking of notes of evidence and the writing of judgments. There is no reason in the nature of things why taking notes of evidence should be inconsistent with summary procedure, if the absurd practice of imposing on the highest paid official in the court a mechanical duty, which could be discharged by a short-hand writer, were once given up; and surely we shall some day discover that there are other methods of preserving the terms of a judgment than the present one of making the judge write it out.

These considerations were, as we have said, suggested to us by a perusal of the statement of objects and reasons appended to the Bill, and we propose to ask attention to certain provisions of the Bill which it they remain, will, we are afraid, be not less operative because they have not been included in the statement of objects and reasons.

To take the most important of the provisions to which we refer first we are unable to conceive of an excuse for the sliding scale of fees which forms part of the Bill. We alluded the other day to the popular belief that Government had spent on our new High Court a considerable sum, which was really the surplus of receipts over expenditure in its accounts with the Bombay Small Cause Court. That may be a *canard*, though we have every reason to believe that it is true. But we cannot contemplate the scale of fees given in this Bill without an uneasy suspicion that one of the unavowed reasons and objects is to make the administration of justice in these courts still more profitable to justice than it is at present. To take the institution fee first we find that before British justice—as represented in Mr. W. Stokes' Small Cause Court—will move a step in the direction of settling a dispute between two parties as to a sum of money, she insists on pocketing, in the case of suits under Rs. 500 one-eighth of the stake, and in the case of suits above that sum one-sixteenth. Now we are not prepared to say that if A and B cannot settle between them a point involving the ownership of Rs. 250 they should not be fined Rs. 31 and annas 4 before the court of justice will trouble itself about them. The theory that the expenses of the administration of justice in such matters should fall on the litigants is in favour just now, and we are not concerned to argue against it, though to our minds it is obvious that such a way of looking at the matter ignores altogether the immense benefit the general public derive from the very existence of courts which are accessible to all. But does it follow that because they who dispute about Rs. 250 are fined Rs. 31-4, they who dispute about Rs. 500 should be fined Rs. 62-8. Assuredly not. Such a connection between court fees and the amount in dispute has no foundation anywhere in sense or in reason, if it be not found, as we are afraid it will have to be looked for, in the desire to make as much out of the unhappy litigants as possible. We have indicated that we are not certain that the public court of justice should fall exclusively on those of the public who are actually forced to avail themselves of the machinery provided. That such machinery should be so arranged as to be worked at a profit would surely be scandalous. We have spoken only of what is known as the institution fee. But the same indefensible arrangement is applied to fees for summons and fees for other processes. They go up in the one case from annas 2 to Rs. 5-12, and in the other from the same modest limit—modesty is safe where the august codefier is providing for suits in which the value of the subject matter ranges from 0 ! to Rs.-10—to as much as Rs. 20. It does not take much arithmetic to see how profitable to the country a hotly disputed case over Rs. 2,000 in the Small Cause Court may be under these singular provisions. But are we prepared to make justice in this country, to a greater extent than it is at present, a matter of costs between the Government and the people?

FROM the private reports which we have been able to publish day by day as to the state of the weather in the districts, it has been evident for some days past that there was no longer any fear of a widely extended scarcity; and we have now received an exhaustive official statement on the subject which fully confirms that view, while it plainly shows that the rain came only just in the nick of time to prevent a very serious failure of the crops over almost the whole Presidency. Even up to the last few days—says this statement, which is dated the 16th. inst.—apprehensions were entertained with regard to the Ahmednagar and portions of the Nassick and Poona collectorates, where the kharif crops were withering, the grass was burnt up, the water supply was rapidly diminishing, and severe distress, which would necessitate the opening of relief works, seemed imminent. The most opportune rainfall of the past week, however, it is now clear, came in time to revive the kharif crop in a great measure, and has put the ground in excellent condition for the rabi sowing, which is expected to yield a splendid out-turn. Reports by telegraph from the Collectors of the various districts are quoted in the statement, and all agree in representing the condition of affairs now as fairly satisfactory. From Ahmedabad, the Panch Mahals, Broach, Surat, Thana, Colaba, Sholapore, Sattara, Kandeish, Kanara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Darwar, Kaladgi,—from every collectorate in the Presidency come tidings that the recent rains have snatched the crops from what seemed certain failure. From these reports it will be seen how widespread would have been the calamity which has been so narrowly avoided. There will be some difficulty as to fodder, particularly in the Nassick district, where we are told the Collector considers it advisable to allow free grazing over the Government lands. But all fear of failure of the food supply for the people may be laid aside. The only part of the Presidency where we are told any distress is apprehended is in the sub-ghat portion of the Ratnagiri collectorate, where some pressure is anticipated until the early crop is reaped, last year's stocks of grain being almost exhausted; but Government will not have to undertake any special relief works, full occupation for the poorer classes being provided by the Local Fund and Amba Ghat roads, which have been sanctioned in the ordinary course and will be immediately commenced. Government conclude that it is unnecessary, for the present, at any rate, to undertake any relief works, and it does not even "appear necessary to obtain information as to the extent of the grain stores now available; all fear of a famine may be said to have passed away."

THE Bill to provide against the extermination of wild birds, animals, and fish used for food in this Presidency, which is threatened by their present indiscriminate slaughter by ignorant people who shoot, hunt, snare, and net them at all seasons, is published in its amended form, as it has come from the hands of the Select Committee appointed at the last meeting of the Legislative Council to consider it. The chief points in which the measure as now framed differs from the original Bill have reference to the amendments mentioned by the Honourable Mr. Ashburner as intended to be introduced. Provisions have been added to protect fish, as well as birds and animals, which alone were referred to in the first instance, and also for declaring certain forests and parts of rivers to be preserves in which it will be penal to kill or molest game or fish, not only during the breeding season, but at any time of the year. By this latter clause, certain spots which will no doubt be selected as known favourite haunts, will be secured perfect immunity from disturbance, and may be expected to become valuable breeding centres from which the surrounding country will be constantly re-stocked. Another change in the measure has reference to the penalties to which breakers of the law will be liable. The original Bill fixed the outside punishment to be awarded at Rs. 50 for a first offence and Rs. 100 for any and every subsequent infringement; and these fines have been reduced in amount to Rs. 10 and Rs. 25 respectively, which moderated penalties, we should think, may be accepted as calculated to have sufficient deterrent effect.

The Bill in its amended form will come before the Council on Monday next for the second reading, when we trust the result of the public discussion which has been given to the matter will be shown in the absence of any further opposition. Mr. Morarjee Goculdas, the chief opponent of the Bill at the last sitting, must, we should think, be convinced by this time that his objections were founded on a misconception of the character and scope of the measure, and that it is really calculated—as it is intended—to operate, not as a hardship to those classes of natives in whose interest he claimed to oppose it, but rather as a great benefit to them, and to the country generally, by preserving the supply of such birds, animals, and fish as are useful for food—a supply which a continuance of the reckless slaughter hitherto permitted and practised would soon completely destroy. That such animals, birds, and fish have been growing more and more scarce for years past, and will continue to become scarcer still until utter annihilation is arrived at, unless some restriction is imposed, is an undoubted fact. We presume Mr. Morarjee would not contend in so many words that it would be better for the Phase Paradhis, Veddars, Kolis, &c., to have no game at all to kill, than to be restrained from killing during a small portion of the year in order to ensure an abundant supply during the remaining months; but that is really what his arguments amount to. As to the agricultural question, we have already pointed out that full provision is made to meet the objection on that head. The Bill provides that "landholders as defined in the Bombay Land Revenue Code of 1879," or "any person employed by a landholder" cannot be held liable to punishment for adopting measures necessary for protecting crops or produce growing on the land from injury or destruction by game. One point worthy of attention has been raised by the objectors to the measure in the suggestion that precautions should be adopted to make the people thoroughly acquainted with its provisions before they come into force. There will be plenty of opportunity, and the law will no doubt be made thoroughly known to everybody concerned before it is put in operation, so that Mr. Morarjee's prophetic vision may not be realised, of unfortunate koombis hauled before a magistrate and mulcted in a fine as the first intimation that killing game under any circumstances is an offence.

SOME SERIOUS REFLECTIONS
BY OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN.

GENERAL PHAYRE'S Brigades are now to be withdrawn. It would be interesting to know what their advance cost; and what the great Cocked-hats thought they were going to do. It is well known that the great Cocked-hats calculated they would arrive in the neighbourhood of Kandahar before Roberts's force; but this does not account for their being ordered to take up cold-weather clothing and to make arrangements for a campaign of six months.

* * *

APPARENTLY the great Cocked-hats thought that Generals Roberts and Phayre and all this mob of Brigadiers would be able to extract a series of military movements out of Ayoub Khan's army; they calculated that, according to the most advanced principles of British warfare, our troops would commence the campaign by getting beaten. They never dreamt that Roberts would squander so fine an enemy in a single battle.

* * *

IF instead of gathering together cavalry regiments from the four quarters of Heaven, General Phayre had been directed to provide transport at Sibi and provisions further on for such troops as were immediately available, he and his Political Agents might now be tearing the carcase with Roberts at Kandahar.

* * *

AS it was, the regiments from Meerut, Mooltan, and Madras, on arriving at Sibi, received no assistance from General Phayre beyond an order to advance. There was absolutely no transport; and the consequence was that a good deal of imperial baggage had to be abandoned on the road, to enrich the Marri clan. These troops, disappointed of their fun at Kandahar, have now to make the best of their way back through an impoverished country, probably obliged to hold regimental famines on the march.

* * *

VERY possibly it was not General Phayre's fault that there was no transport at Sibi. But while Government was smiling and pressing on him more cavalry regiments, he might have reported that he had no means of sending them on to the front. Then perhaps a clement Government would have vouchsafed him byles.

* * *

Two thousand pack-byles would have helped him to get on to Kandahar, much more effectively than two thousand horse from the North-Western Provinces and Madras.

* * *

THE next time we advance on Kandahar, General Phayre will remember the advantages of pack-bullocks (not wild cattle distrained from the surrounding villages, with their tails in the air) over English, Bengal, and Madras Cavalry. The English, Bengal, and Madras Cavalry will also remember General Phayre, and will look for bullock transports of fighting and glory in other fields.

* * *

THE usual inanities of the Queen's speech are enlivened this time by some flashes of grim humour. Khushk-i-Nakhud is playfully alluded to as "the resumption of hostilities under Ayoub Khan, which has necessitated further military operations in Southern Afghanistan."

* * *

THE misery and anarchy at present prevailing in Ireland cause Her Majesty "to dwell with especial pleasure upon the probable improvement in the condition of the people of Ireland."

* * *

THE Bogus Budgeteers, however, are happily excluded from the smiling pale of hopes and courtesies. Their iniquities are sternly alluded to as—"The recent miscarriage in presenting the accounts of the Afghan war expenses."

* * *

THE speech is quite equal to its predecessors in looseness of construction, verging dangerously on bad grammar. Thankfulness is expressed for "several weeks of fine weather which have secured a good harvest, *and which is reasonably abundant in some parts.*" Fine weather being "reasonably abundant" is surely a new thought somewhat surprisingly expressed. Dean's English is better than this.

* * *

AT last they are beginning to mop up the financial mess which the Bogus Budgeteers have been busy making for the past three years. No one outside the Ring will be sorry to hear that Sir Edwin Johnson's services have been dispensed with; and all eyes will be now turned towards the three remaining delinquents. But it is almost certain that only Strachey will go.

* * *

WHEN it is said that Sir Edwin Johnson has incurred the censure of Government in connection with the failure of the war estimates, this means that Sir Edwin Johnson and the three other Bogus Budgeteers, in the opinion of Her Majesty's Ministers, lent themselves to Lord Lytton's attempt to underestimate, and so misrepresent, the cost of the Afghan war in view of an approaching election struggle between the Whigs and Tories. In fact, this is precisely what Lord Hartington implied when he said that Sir John Strachey was "determined" to furnish low estimates.

* * *

THIS is quite the gravest charge that has been brought against any member of the Government of India since the Company's authority was handed over to the Crown. It verges very closely upon a charge of deliberate dishonesty. I do not for a moment venture to pronounce an opinion regarding the truth, or falseness of the charge; I only try to show what it amounts to. No one will grudge General Roberts the Grand Cross of the Bath. He has marched well and fought gallantly on two very memorable occasions, and, though not a great strategist, he is a smart and vigorous commander. In the Duke of Wellington's time he would probably have earned a clasp, which was not worth much more in those days than the G. C. B. is now. Sir Frederick Haines is a Grand Commander of the Bath.

* * *

BUT many people believed that General Roberts would be made a Baronet, if not a Peer. Nor was this a very unreasonable expectation. Even Lord Lytton was both a Baronet and a Peer.

* * *

I THINK Sir Frederick Roberts deserved more than Sir Donald Stewart, as he occupied the most responsible and conspicuous place in Afghanistan for a longer period, and experienced in a greater degree the anxieties, hardships, and perils of the war. Yet all must feel that General Stewart will worthily wear the Grand Cross of the Bath. He is like a British General of the old type, brave, confident, and modest, careful to do his duty and indifferent to its consequences.

* * *

A VERY foolish paragraph has been circulating in the papers about a conference at Simla to be attended by political agents, and "political officers in charge of *assigned states*." This latter phrase is pure nonsense, for when territories are assigned they are no longer states. The writer was probably thinking of the Berars and Sir Richard Meade, but unwilling to commit himself to names.

* * *

THE paragraph seems to imply, moreover, that at this conference some mysterious change in reference to our relations with the protected principalities will be discussed. This, too, is moonshine.

* * *

BUT it is not unreasonable to suppose that the opinions of political officers may be taken in regard to the new frontier on the north-west, and that many subjects relating to Central India and Hydrabad will be discussed in view of the retirement of Sir Henry Daly and Sir Richard Meade.

* * *

THE question who is to succeed these officers is one of interest to at least two people. It is, for instance, a question of interest to Mr. Lepel Griffin, who will certainly be sent either to Hydrabad or Indore.

ENGLISH MILITARY LETTER.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUG. 27.

I DO not think the public are quite satisfied about the sortie of the 16th August from Kandahar. It is naturally asked what was the success which was so dearly purchased, and the general impression is that our troops were very hardly pressed on their return from the sortie. There is also some grumbling at the month's delay on the advance of General Phayre. Nobody blames him, but the authorities who placed a reserve division in the field without adequate transport are strongly censured. I was assured, two days ago by a well informed person, that General Burrows would be tried by a court-martial. I expressed my disbelief and asked what would be the charge. The answer was disobedience of orders on quitting the defensive position which he had been ordered to take up. My answer was that a General, forty or fifty miles distant from his superior, could not be absolutely bound to literally follow his general instructions, and that he must be allowed to act on his own judgment. To my mind the idea of trying General Burrows is absurd. We are not like the Carthaginians who used to crucify their unsuccessful generals, or like the French

TELEGRAMS.

THE MARCH OF GENERAL DAUBENY'S FORCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 16.

Brigadier General Daubeny marches to Maiwand with the following force :—The 7th Fusiliers, 2nd Beluchis, 4th Bombay Infantry, C-2 Royal Artillery, 3rd Sind horse and Poona horse. Detachments of the several battalions and corps which took part in the action of the 27th July accompany. The above force is to be equipped with such transport as is now available, having regard to the possibility of being absent three weeks.

General Sir F. Roberts in field force orders says the objects with which this movement has been ordered are that the remains of those who were killed in the action at Maiwand may be interred and that search may be made in several villages near the battlefield and along the line of route for followers who may have been detained as prisoners by the inhabitants, and that articles of property belonging to our troops may be recovered.

General Daubeny will further endeavour to recover the six guns which belonged to Shere Ali, Wali of Kandahar, and which are said to have been abandoned between Maiwand and Kokaran.

DEPARTURE OF GENERAL ROBERTS FOR INDIA.

General Roberts and Major White have left for India.

ADDRESS BY GENERAL ROBERTS TO HIGHLANDERS AND GOORKHAS.

Before starting for India General Roberts, in presenting distinguished service medals to men of the 72nd and 92nd Highlanders and 5th Goorkhas, made a short speech to the men. He said : I am glad to have this opportunity of giving medals for distinguished conduct in the field to you men of the 72nd and 92nd Highlanders and 5th Goorkhas. One thing I am sure of, and that is that no men could deserve them better. You showed the ox day what material Highlanders and Goorkhas are made of. I only hope it may always be my good fortune to have such brave, forward soldiers with me. The 72nd Highlanders have to mourn the loss of their Colonel, as fine a leader of men as I have ever seen. With him fell an equally gallant spirit, Captain Frome, and many brave men ; amongst them, I regret to hear, Sergeant Cameron, a grand specimen of a Highland soldier. The 92nd Highlanders lost heavily also, Colour Sergeant Fraser being amongst the slain. Fourteen gallant fellows were laid in one grave on the evening of the 2nd September, and many more are lying wounded in the hospital. But men, you have the satisfaction of knowing that you did your duty nobly. I have seen a good deal of hard fighting, but I never remember noticing a greater look of determination to win a battle than I observed on your faces on the morning of the 1st September. No Afghans could stand against such a steady bold attack. You beat them at Kabul, you have beaten them at Kandahar, and you can now leave the country feeling assured that the very last troops the Afghans ever wish to meet in the field are the Highlanders and the Goorkhas. You have made a name for yourselves in Afghanistan ; you will never be forgotten here, and you may depend on it you will never be forgotten by me.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 16.

It is reported from Killa Abdulla that the third Brigade, third division marched there yesterday morning. To-day a moveable column, consisting of two guns 11-9 Royal Artillery, one company 60th Rifles, 15th Sikhs, 5th Goorkhas, and 100 Sabres Central India Horse, will proceed by Gwal to Kutch to open up the Kawas country. The remainder of the brigade marches direct to Quetta.

TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION WITH KANDAHAR RE-OPENED.

Through telegraphic communication has been restored between Kandahar and India.

Reports as to the supplies at Kandahar continue satisfactory. The city trade is opening, and furnishes enough for the troops at Kandahar, but no reserve is being formed as yet.

The wounded officers and men at Kandahar are reported to be doing well.

THE RANGOON COMMISSARIAT CASE.

ACQUITTAL OF CAPT. SHELLEY LEIGH HUNT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 16.

Captain Shelley Leigh Hunt's case was concluded to-day. The speeches of the counsel for the defence and the prosecution lasted from eleven till five o'clock. The jury expressed a wish to proceed to-day, and the Additional Recorder commenced his summing up, which lasted till nearly 7 o'clock, when the jury retired, and shortly afterwards found the accused not guilty on all three charges. Captain Hunt was accordingly acquitted.

EARTHQUAKE AT PROME.

There was an earthquake of some severity at Prome yesterday. The Chief Commissioner has returned from his tour.

THE POONA FINE ARTS EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 16.

The following prizes have been awarded :—

H. E. Governor's prize for the best picture in oil or water colour by an amateur artist, Mrs. Harvey.

Mr. Robertson's Prize, for best landscape in oil, (Indian subject) Mrs. Gordon.

Society's Prizes. Best figure painting in oil, Mrs. Whitworth.

Best figure painting in water-colours, Mr. Carroll.

Best drawing in black and white or sepia, Major Pullen.

Best series of four landscape sketches in oil, *bona fide* from nature, size not less than 8 by 12 inches, Mr. Fforde.

Best series of four landscape sketches in water colour from nature, size not less than 8 by 12 inches, Mr. Hamilton Maxwell.

Best landscape in water colours, Colonel Sankey.

The exhibition this season is far above the average with regard to the quality of the work exhibited.

THE POONA RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 16.

Second Day.—For the Maiden Handicap five horses ran, the result being as follows :—

Eghball	1
Reserved	2
Cyrus	3

For the Deccan Stakes five horses ran with the following result :—

Bluelight	1
Young Politician	2
Kingsley	3

In the third race, for Aga Khan's Purse, there was a walk over for Rataplan.

Fourth race (Commemoration). Walk over for Young Revenge.

Fifth Race (pony). Four horses ran. This was an excellent race.

Modesty	1
Satara	2
Little Ben	3

Sixth Race (Criterion). Was won easily. Seven horses ran, the result being as follows :—

Exchange	1
Heliograph	2
Glenlyon	3

There was a drizzling rain almost the whole time, but there was a good attendance. H. E. Sir James Fergusson was present on the Stewards Stand, and appeared greatly interested.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

HOSTILITIES IN BASUTOLAND.

CAPE TOWN, SEPT. 15.

The Basuto Chief Lethorodi unsuccessfully attacked the Cape Rifles at Mafeteny on the 13th inst.

PRINCE BISMARCK.

BERLIN, SEPT. 15.

Prince Bismarck has been appointed Minister of Commerce.

THE RUSSIANS IN CENTRAL ASIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, SEPT. 15.

Colonel Seribitzky has been appointed to the command of Bami.

Supplies are being forwarded to the front.

The Tekke Turcomans occasionally attack convoys.

The Russians are fortifying their position.

THE AMERICAN COTTON CROP.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 15.

The Agricultural Bureau monthly report states, that the average of ten cotton States is 91 per cent.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 15.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dorunda, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the morning of the 14th inst.

LONDON, SEPT. 15.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been quiet but steady.

Fair Dhollera	4 15-16d.
The Manchester market has been firm.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	89½
4½ per cent. do.	87½
3 per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	120¼
Bar Silver	52 5-16

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

MADRAS, 16, 6-1 A. M.

Darwin Adelaide right.

THE first prize in the Gymkhana Boat Club St. Leger Sweep was won by Mr. N. S. Symonds, the second by Mr. J. G. Russell, and the third by Mr. F. O. Bridgman.

COL. J. H. HENDERSON, commanding the line of communications, Kandahar Field Force, has been given command also of the Reserve Brigade, *vice* Brigadier General Wood, C.B., who has been obliged by illness to return to India.

THE statement is denied that Mr. C. A. Elliott, on his return to this country, is to displace the Hon'ble C. Grant in the Home Secretaryship.

OF the Judges of the Calcutta High Court, during the holidays, the Hon'bles A. Wilson, L. Broughton, L. Tottenham, and C. D. Field go to England ; the Hon'ble W. F. McDonnell, V.C., to Suez ; and the Hon'ble C. Pontifex to Ootacamund.

A GOOD deal of misapprehension evidently exists as to the scope of the Arms Act. Government find it necessary to explain in the *Gazette* that "articles which are not arms at all, but are mere curiosities, are not liable to confiscation."

THE appointment of Deputy Commissary General of the Kandahar force, left vacant by the death of Colonel Shewell, is conferred on Major Swinhoe' who held the position of Deputy Assistant Commissary General. The other promotions also go in the department.

FROM private letters a Calcutta paper learns that the owners of the steamer Duke of Lancaster are showing every disposition to recoup the passengers, who lost their baggage in the wreck of that vessel in the Red Sea recently.

THE *Englishman* hears that a marriage has been arranged between the second son of the Maharaja of Kashmir, Mian Ram Sing, and the sister of the minor Raja Jai Chand, of Kangra.

WITH reference to the forthcoming durbar at Lahore, a Calcutta contemporary says that arrangements are being made in Calcutta for the purchase of the usual costly presents to be given to the various Native Princes by way of *khilluts*.

THE case of the death of a soldier in a Thayetmyo guard-room has been inquired into by the Deputy Commissioner, with the result that the men of the guard were exonerated from all blame. The evidence showed the man was drunk and violent, and had to be gagged to prevent him from biting his custodians, and medical opinion was given to the effect that the treatment he received had nothing to do with the cause of death, which appears to have been suffocation arising from excessive drinking.

THE *Times of India* in a leader published yesterday speaks of "the easier columns of our local contemporary ;" and from other parts of the article it is evident the "local contemporary" referred to is the *Bombay Gazette*. The expression, we suppose, means that our columns are "easier" in the sense of being more pleasantly instructive, containing less of the dry-as-dust style of production for which the *Times of India* is noted. But we are at a loss to see why our contemporary should consider it necessary to draw special attention to a fact which is so plainly self-evident.

THE following letter from Abdulla Khan, Nasiri (a minister of Ayoub Khan's), to the address of Mahomed Sadik, a Chief of the Tokhi Ghilzais, dated 11th August, 1880, is stated to have fallen into the hands of some of our officers :—" After compliments, —We are comfortably located at Chihal Zeena, Kandahar. Be assured all is well here, and that God's favour is with us. All our desires have been accomplished. The victorious army of regular troops and Jhin-hunting Ghazis hold the city in close investment. God willing, the bowels of the Feringhees will be rent and they themselves cleared off the face of the earth. You are living close to Kelat-i-Ghilzai and a band of Feringhees is in that place, but still nothing has been done by you as yet. However, for the sake of the religion of the Prophet, gird up the loins of bravery, collect the people and Ghazis, and having invested Kelat-i-Ghilzai on all sides, cut out the bowels of every Feringhee Kafir in the place and overthrow them from the face of the earth. You yourself will then be renowned, and your name will be great in the world. Write news of your welfare, and report daily whatever happens."

WITH regard to the recent disturbances in the Mandi State, which arose from the introduction of certain unpopular measures by the Raja's advisers, we now learn that affairs are once more peaceful. The sole object of the people, the *Pioneer* says, seems to have been to obtain a hearing from the Raja, and to represent their grievances to him. The intention of the officials does not seem to have been bad ; but no care was taken by them to have their measures explained to the people and carried out as intended ; and this neglect resulted in the popular impression that the Raja was about to add to their burdens.

KALKA has been declared to be in an exceedingly insanitary condition, and orders have been issued for cleansing the place. The outbreak of cholera at Kussowlie last year was attributed by the medical officer of that station to infection contracted at the Pinjore fair ; and the General Officer Commanding the Division, in commenting on the report, stated that the want of proper sanitary precautions at Kalka was the chief source of disease in the neighbouring hill-stations. The immediate adoption of proper sanitary regulations has been recommended, and the cause of offence will be removed, as far as possible.

THE *Indian Daily News* remarks that there seems to be something wrong about the working of the "Contagious Diseases Act" in India (Act. XIV. of 1864). Complaints have been continually made to the effect that the Act, when put into operation, has failed ; and that its results do not justify its retention on the statute book. Civil Surgeons of districts seem to be the principal authors of the complaints on the score. The Supreme Government have, it is rumoured, called upon the Local Governments and Administrations to direct their subordinate officers to furnish returns showing the operation of the Act within the past ten years, and these returns are now in course of submission.

INTENSE dissatisfaction is, says the *Englishman*, felt by the importers of cotton goods with the course which has been adopted by the Collector of Customs regarding duty free cloths in which trivial irregularities have been found. The very smallest of these irregularities, which can with ingenious perversity be construed under the Sea Customs Act into an offence, is visited with the confiscation of the goods in which it occurs, and with the maximum fine. It thus happens that an irregularity which may not involve the loss of one rupee to the revenue is made the excuse for exacting a penalty of, possibly, five thousand rupees. The Collector treats every case alike, rejects proofs which should satisfy him of the accidental nature of the irregularity, and, by straining the law to the utmost, visits misfortune with the rigour which should be reserved for fraud. It cannot have been the intention of the framers of the Act that the almost unbounded powers which they reserved to the Collector should be wielded with an entire absence of discretion, and the Government would do well to arrest a scandal which is growing into portentous dimensions.

IT is not easy to see what the *Pioneer* is driving at in the matter of the responsibility for ordering General Burrows's advance towards Girishk. On the text of Lord Hartington's statement in the House of Commons that "the advance of General Burrows on the Helmund was ordered upon the responsibility of the present Viceroy," the Allahabad organ remarks :—" The question put to him, long and varied in its aspects, included the query whether the advance *was* ordered on the responsibility of the late or the present Viceroy. Lord Hartington evidently conceived that the questioner suspected the Government as at present constituted of a wish to shuffle off the responsibility of the advance. His answer, therefore, was natural enough. The advance was an act which had nothing to do with Lord Lytton or Lord Cranbrook ; it was ordered "on the responsibility of the present Viceroy," as all the acts of the Government initiated after his assumption of office must necessarily be on his responsibility. Properly interpreted in this way, it will be seen that the words used involve no affirmation of the theory that within the Government of India there was any divergence of opinion on the subject of the expediency of the advance." Surely, this elaborate explanation was unnecessary ; everybody recognises the fact that "the Viceroy," in the sense in which the term was used by Lord Hartington, means the Viceroy in Council, otherwise the Government of India.

THE Madras correspondent of the *Pioneer* relates the following "case that occurred a short time ago in a mofussil court presided over by a military magistrate. The actual incumbent was away on leave, and a friend, a gallant field officer of Foot, was sitting upon the bench for the absentee. A case of an apparently trivial nature was called on, and a conviction easily effected ; but the correct *sentence* puzzled the brave judge. At length, after much hesitation, he said, 'Well, I think a fine of five rupees will teach you.'—(Sudden interruption by the chief clerk, who whispers, 'You cannot give less than fifty lashes in this case, I beg your pardon, your honour.')—'At least, I *should* say a punishment of fifty lashes,' continued he, covering his confusion, as it were with a cough, 'will teach you to be more careful in future. In the next case he decided on fifty lashes without a check, but again the clerk interfered, whispering that a fine of five rupees would be ample. The natives of the bazaar soon got wind of this, and it was noised abroad that the chief clerk was doing what he liked at the magistrate's court. The upshot of it all was that by the time 'his honour' the pucka 'beak' returned, the chief clerk had collected materials wherewith to 'build him a house !"

THE ST. LEGER.

RUN AT DONCASTER, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 15.

THE St. Leger Stakes of 25 sovs. each, for three year olds, colts 8 st. 10 lbs., fillies 8 st. 5 lbs. ; the owner of the second horse received 200 sovs. and the third 100 sovs., out of the stakes ; new St. Leger course, about 1 mile 6 furlongs and 132 yards —265 subscribers.

Mr C. Brewer's be. Robert the Devil, by Bertram, cast off, 8 st 10 lbs ..... Rossiter 1
Lord Rosebery's be. Cipolata, by Macaroni, Ducklings, 8 st 5 lbs ..... Constable 2
Mr R. C. F. Naylor's be. The Abbot, by Hermit, Barchettina, 8 st 10 lbs ..... Fordham 3

Latest betting, 27th August, 6 to 4 against Bend Or, 7 to 2 Robert the Devil, 14 to 1 Cipolata, the Abbot, and Mask, 16 to 1 Zealot.

The defeat of Bend Or, the Derby winner and hitherto unconquered son of Doncaster, has occasioned grief and lamentation to hundreds of backers, and humbled the pride of the prophets. Like many another good horse who has won the Blue Riband, he has failed at Doncaster to sustain his reputation. Had his name appeared amongst the placed horses we should have been inclined to think he had been fairly beaten on his merits ; but we think, when the account of the race reaches India, it will be found that the hard ground has told its tale and that the rumours of the unsound state of the legs of Bend Or, have proved too true. The result of the race has proved the correctness of the remarks of one of the most astute of turf writers the special commissioner of the *Sportsman*. He has all along opposed the son of Doncaster on the score of unsoundness, and at the same time indicated Robert the Devil as the probable winner. Thanks to the great care exercised by Robert Peck, Bend Or was brought to the post for the Derby in a manner which reflected the highest credit to the Russley trainer, and could he have been as successful on Wednesday last, there is little doubt what the result would have been. Such at least was the opinion of the aforesaid writer, who at the same time added, "Robert the Devil cannot be considered a *true* made horse. He is narrow in his quarters, lacks muscular development in his rump, gaskins, and second thighs, and is what is termed a 'flat, sided' horse. He has, however, three great redeeming points. The first of these are his deep and grandly placed shoulders ; the second lies in his immense depth of brisket ; and the third is that his limbs are not only perfect in formation, but thoroughly sound." It will be in the recollection of our readers what a splendid race this year's Derby was, and how Robert the Devil was only beaten in the last stride by Bend Or. Subsequently the son of Bertram crossed the Channel, and on the 6th June won in a common canter the principal race on French soil, the Grand Prix de Paris. At Ascot he did not put in an appearance, but contested the Midsummer Stakes at Newmarket July meeting, when, though odds of 11 to 4 were laid on him, he failed to give 11lbs to Lord Rosebery's colt who on Wednesday ran second to him.

Cipolata, as a two year old, took part in six races winning the last four of them. Her first appearance was in the Sandown Park Club, Warren Nursery Plate, when she failed to get a place to Elizabeth, the subsequent winner of the One Thousand Guineas. At Windsor she was a poor second to Valentino in the Park Stakes, but the next day she took a £100 plate from four wretched animals. At Ayr she won the Nursery Handicap from Chevrot and others, at Newmarket the second October Nursery from a large field, and finally took the Criterion Nursery at the same place from Cylinder and others. This year she has twice upset the odds in a remarkable way ; first at Ascot, on the cup day, when she defeated Discord, on whom odds were laid of 7 to 4, and Petronel, the winner of the Two Thousand Guineas, easily by a couple of lengths in the 17th New Biennial, and secondly at Newmarket July meeting, when, as previously remarked, she defeated Robert the Devil, from whom she was receiving 11 lb. by half a length. In the One Thousand Guineas Lord Rosebery's filly not badly that her owner would not send her to Epsom to run for the Oaks, but like many other mares, as the year progressed, she has returned to her true form.

The Abbot. Of all unlucky horses Mr. Naylor's son of Hermit has been about the most unfortunate. In the four races in which he took part last year he was successful but once, in the Houghton Stakes at Newmarket. This year it will be recollected he was third for the Two Thousand Guineas to Petronel and Muncaster ; at the Second Spring meeting at Head-Quarters he was defeated a head by Mask at Manchester for the cup ; a magnificent race between him and Isonomy ended in a verdict in favour of the latter by a neck ; at Ascot in the Prince of Wales's Stakes again he started favourite, and again he had to put up with a second place to Zealot ; and now we hear of his coming in third for the St. Leger.

COMPULSORY EXILE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read the letters from "Z," "One," and "Zero," which have lately been published in your paper, and I think that a few words from an uncovenanted civilian who takes a different view to your other uncovenanted correspondents, may not be unacceptable. "Z" writes, "If the C. S. were not overpaid and pensioned, there would be enough funds to let all retire earlier." Everybody may not agree that the Civil Service is overpaid. I do not wish to give my opinion, and perhaps you would not care to hear it on this subject at present, but I feel perfectly confident that the salaries of those members who are now in the Civil Service cannot be reduced without committing a breach of faith, which would be a precedent for reducing the salaries of all uncovenanted civilians. The young civilians who are due in Bombay in a month or two will be as fairly entitled to their Rs. 2,325 per mensem when they become collectors, as are the present recipients of that comfortable salary. But is "Z" sanguine enough or mad enough to think that if the salaries of the covenanted civilians were reduced 100 per cent, ours would be increased ? I know perfectly well that I were dissatisfied with my pay, and if I were to tell Government that I should retire unless it were increased, I would receive the unwelcome reply, "retire, we will get as good a man as you are on the same salary." And although I am far from diffident of my own powers, and I cannot boast of an excessive modesty, yet I think that Government would be right. We cannot expect an increment of pay, and in the same way we cannot expect to receive any material advantages in the way of retiring earlier. With Mr. Hyndman taking the *rôle* of Cassandra and bewailing that India is "bleeding to death," and with others daily dinning into our ears the fact, which is undoubtedly based on truth, that the present temporary poverty of India is owing to the excessive "home charges," it is unlikely that a Government, however external it may be, will consent to rob the civilian Peter of a portion of his salary to allow the uncovenanted Paul to retire early. Peter might possibly spend a fair portion of his receipts in India, but Paul would certainly take care that none of his earnings went to the country from which he had retired in such a hurry. This is also a reason why Government can hardly be expected to modify the harsh rule, that service for pension should only count after a youth has attained the age of 22. Any relaxation would materially increase the "home charges," and until the finances of India permit of it, we cannot expect any change for the better in our pension rules. But although Government cannot possibly listen to any schemes which involve increased expenditure, still it would listen to any schemes which would benefit its servants without necessitating additional taxation. For, what does Government consist of ? In this Presidency of two kindly civilian members of Council, who have friends and perhaps relations in the Uncovenanted Civil Service, and who would gladly help these friends if they could. These two members of Council, with H. E. the Governor and H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, make up the Government ; and we may be confident that any well organised scheme supported by a number of the uncovenanted civilians will command the careful attention of this quartette, but the way to improve our position is not to make impossible propositions, and then to abuse Government for not carrying them out.

What do we want in the Uncovenanted Civil Service ? We want increased salaries : that we cannot get. We want increased pensions and some pensions for widows and orphans if we die leaving these to the tender mercies of the world : this we can get in the same way as the members of the Covenanted Civil Service do, *viz.* by helping ourselves. If the nature of the Uncovenanted Civil Service will not permit of a really good pension fund being established, then Government might be asked to make cuttings in the pay of its servants and to give a fair interest for these cuttings, and to return these cuttings with interest on retirement or to the estate on the death of the person cut. It is easy to say that every man has it in his power to save for himself, but there is not one man in a hundred who has the moral courage to save with the rupees before him enough to buy a horse fit to win the Derby at the next up-country meeting, but who would gladly have the rupees cut and thus not be tempted to buy the horse. Of course, a nag is not the temptation of every one, but the rupees will go, if close at hand, in gewgaws of sorts. If the cuttings were with Government, then they would be safe, which they may not be if invested in insurance companies, cotton mills, or gold mines. Let us then help ourselves, and let us only ask Government to do what lies in its power, and let us not propose impracticable schemes. We are out here and we must make the best of it. This can be done by putting by a sum in some safe keeping, to spend when we go home as gay Lotharios of 55. C.

AN IMPORTANT REGULATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I beg to submit an amusing reply, which I received from the Telegraph Office, for your information. I had asked to be allowed to send my own sepoy to await my regular daily telegrams at the Government Telegraph Office, and was informed that sepoys are required to be furnished with a waist belt marked

Telegraph
(Employer's name)
Messenger

and to wear a dress similar to that worn by the departmental peons, except that the blue cloth shall be trimmed with white instead of red. The turbans and trousers to be of blue cloth. This is real genuine redtapeism, if you like.

Bombay, Sept. 16. SAM OBSERVER.

THE ARCHITECTURE OF THE SAILORS' HOME.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The attention of the Directors of the Royal Alfred Sailors' Home has been drawn to two articles which appeared in the *Bombay Review*, dated respectively the 4th and 11th current, on the subject of Anglo-Indian Architecture of the period, in which the suitability of the present building for the purposes of "A Sailors' Home" is questioned, and certain erroneous statements are made therein.

The directors do not consider it falls within their province to offer any opinion with regard to the style of architecture, but think it should be generally known that the building is as yet not finished according to design, and it is intended, should circumstances require, to have the third floor completed. The turrets referred to are available for use as rooms at any time by simply having the floors laid and windows &c., fitted—but this has not hitherto been found necessary.

The Directors, however, particular by desire to give an unqualified denial to the statements that—"there is a correspondence going on between themselves and the architect," nor that "the inmates are nearly grilled by the sun and glare streaming in," neither that "the architect has refused to allow anything to be done to keep the sun out of it, because it will spoil the appearance of the building."

During the four years the building has been occupied, not a single complaint has come to the knowledge of the directors as to the inadaptability of the building for its present purpose, but on the contrary, the past and present directors and the former patrons and visitors of all classes have frequently expressed that the arrangements connected therewith are all that can be desired.

JAMES MONTEITH BREBNER,
Honorary Secretary, R. A. Sailors' Home.
Bombay, Sept. 16.

PAVEMENT OBSTRUCTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—As I observe in your columns of yesterday that "W" very justly draws attention to the many obstructions which are to be met with on the footpaths of the city ; permit me, therefore, to relate without exaggeration what I witnessed the other day while passing up Parsee Bazaar Gate Street to my office. On that occasion I counted six cows, four of which were lying at intervals along the footpath, while the other two were grazing on some feeding on the middle of the road. The animals appeared to be left entirely to their own resources, and without any attendant near. A little further on there were twenty or thirty long wooden seats placed on the pavement upon which some dozens of Zoroastrians were seated. This, of course, caused a complete block for foot-passengers. I further noticed several large heaps of road metal thrown across the pathway in different places. This, added to the fact that many of the shop boards extend two and three feet beyond the houses themselves ; that tarpaulins and bamboos are allowed to be suspended before many of the houses and shop fronts, some of them so low as to be very much in the way of those passing ; that chairs and boxes are permitted to be placed on the footpaths for the convenience of those who may have business with the owners ; that knots and sometimes strings of natives in various stages of nudity are constantly standing about, and not "moving on" as they are compelled to do in every well regulated European city ; that casks and cases of bottle beer and other fiery stimulants are packed and sorted by coolies on the paths ; that natives with large baskets of fruit, sweetmeats, dhall and other luxuries necessary to the sustenance of the Aryan community are squatted here and there in picturesque attitudes to the utter confusion of the unhappy foot-passenger ; and besides all this the greasy and filthy state of the pavements during and after rain, renders a walk down the aforesaid street a most unpleasant, troublesome, and somewhat dangerous duty. Of course, it is well known that certain products of the cow are essentially necessary to the well being and happiness of some members of the native community ; but these animals should not be allowed to obstruct way-farers and others in the execution of their various duties, who do not hold them in equal veneration. Is no one empowered to look after these matters ? or must a long-suffering public continue to groan under such nuisances ?

THE QUERULOUS QUERIST.

THEOSOPHISTS' DIFFERENCES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I would like to know how Colonel Olcott and Mdme. Blavatsky reconcile the following statements :—

Col. Olcott in the *Theosophist* (1) for March 1880, page 149 ; and (2) for October 1879, page 3.

(1) Besides our library, our journal, and this Temperance Society, *we have begun a practice predicted work for India.* In that bungalow across the compound is a workshop in which we have placed a lathe for metal turning, a lithographic press, a drill, saw and other machines for doing various kinds of work. It is not a school of technology, but *our private workshop*, where *we have begun manufacturing certain articles for export. The money realized from their sale is to pay our quarterly rent, and come back here and be spent here in useful ways. You may judge whether it is likely to be of any comfort to us to the country* when I tell you that a large number of the *beautiful invitation cards* issued for this ceremony of ordination were *printed* in that shop *by a young Parsee, who has entirely learned his art from Mr. Winbridge within the past few weeks.* I venture to challenge every lithographer in Bombay, Calcutta, and Madras to produce a specimen of Native work to compare with it.

(2) We first tried to have Mr. Edward Wimbridge's *excellent design for the cover* engraved on wood, but the engraver proved to be had of the right sizes to compose the block.

" As a last resort we determined to print the design in relief, and then scoured the metal markets of Bombay and Calcutta for rolled metal plate. Having finally secured an old piece, *the artist was forced to incrust an entirely novel process to etch on it, and to execute the work himself.*

Which is true ? Away, away, begone from India, thou bragging, selfish, ungrateful and *therefore* untrustworthy "Theosophy and universal brotherhood"—unique creation of the founder-couple, a Russian woman-philosopher and an American man-spiritualist. Is this, I ask their so-called proficients in esoteric knowledge and occult sciences, the sort of help-making code of highest morality that the ancient *Aryaveet* preached or the modern India badly wants ?

In my opinion Mr. Wimbridge, in giving instruction to this one Parsee (*vide* above extract) in a useful art, has rendered more real service to India than anything the two founders of the Theosophica Society have thus far accomplished. India does not stand one hundredth part so much in need of the merely *noisy* Theosophy which we are now sick of hearing, as of the *peaceful* cultivation of useful arts and industries.

Bombay, Sept. 15. A HINDU.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre, Hudson's Surprise Party, 9 p. m.

Band, H. M's Marine Battalion, Apollo Bunder, this evening.

Temple Bar, Concert 9 p. m.

Young Men's Christian Association, General Assembly Institution, Kalbadevi, 8-30 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 15th inst.—Singapore (s), from Genoa ; yesterday—Fatell Mobarac, from Mozambique, Yarkand, Newport.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday. —Sultan Sasha, to Shoare, Peshwa (s), and Khandallah(s). Coast and Calcutta.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The following is the programme of music to be played by the Band of H. M's Marine Battalion at the Apollo Bunder this evening, (weather permitting :—

March		
Aria	Don Sebastian	Donizetti.
Quadrille	Hit and Miss	Herve.
Selection	Madame L'arche Duke	Offenbach.
Valse	Deutsche Lieder	Ziehrer.
Galop	Victoria	Kuhner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

CONCERT AT THE TEMPLE BAR.—Programme of music to be played at the Temple Bar this evening at 9 :—

March	Frischer Muth	Czerni.
Overture	Barbier de Sevilla	Rossini.
Der Sohn der Wildniss		Kucken.
Waltz	Deutsche Lieder	Ziehrer.
Potpori	Madam Angot	Lecocq.
Quadrille	Gran luchessa di Gerold stein	Strauss.
Eine nette S rte		Thiele.
Waltz	Ton Blumen	Faust.
Cavatina	a due Foscari	Verdy.
Galop	Berg auf, Berg ab	Faust.

THE VEHAR LAKE.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 11th inst., was 52 feet and 6 tenths ; in the corresponding week last year it was 59 feet and 1 tenth. The total rainfall up to date was 51 inches, 55 cents ; in the corresponding week last year it was 63 inches, 78 cents.

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 6th inst. was Rs. 57,60,523 ; addition silver received during the week, Rs. 7,47,591. The sum of Rs. 5,04,235, in new coin was paid during the week : the balance left was Rs. 60,12,882. There is in addition of silver bullion valued at Rs. 30,00,013, belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults, and awaiting assay.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 14th inst., was 142, being 39 more than in the previous week the same number as that of the week ending 16th Sept., 1879, and 29 less than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 320 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population per annum was 32·51. There were 106 deaths from remittent fever, being 3 less than in the previous week, and 18 less than in the same period last year. There was no death from cholera during the last six weeks. The death from diseases to the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 50, 22, and 22 respectively, as compared with 49, 31 and 21 last year. The following remark is appended by the Health Officer to his return :—" As there is no allowance made for the increase of population, natural and extraordinary, during recent years, the percentages of mortality are unreliable."

FURIOUS RIDING.—Reuben Syud Cohen, a Jew, was yesterday fined Rs. 25 by Mr. Bosahloy Framjee for riding his horse in a rash and negligent manner on the Victoria Road, and thereby injuring Essoo Govind. Rs. 10 of the fine, if recovered, was ordered to be paid to the injured man as compensation.

REFRACTORY SEAMEN.—James McKay and five other European seamen, of the British ship Medea, were on Wednesday last convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of continual wilful disobedience in refusing to do duty on board that ship, of which they are articled seamen. They were each sentenced to twelve weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

FATAL ACCIDENTS.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Borah Bazaar Street, Fort, on view of the body of Rajakhan, who was standing on the masonry ledge and cleaning the windows on the uppermost storey of his mater's house when the ledge suddenly gave way, and he was thrown on the roof of the adjoining house, and from thence rolled off and fell into a well immediately below and was drowned. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.—Another inquest was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital on view of the body of Callianjee Dyal, a clerk, who died from fracture of the skull, the result of an accidental fall from the P. and O. steamship Kaisar-i-hind into a lighter that was lying alongside that vessel. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

ASSAULT.—Yesterday at the Fort Police Court David Wright, an engine driver in the employ of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, appeared before Mr. Nana Morojee to answer the charge of assault preferred against him by Muncherjee Rustomjee, a guard in the employ of the same company. The assault was alleged to have been committed on the 20th August last. The evidence of the prosecution went to show that on the day in question, defendant caught hold of the complainant by the chin and pushed him backwards ; his chin bore nail marks and bled a little at that time. The assault was committed on complainant because he (complainant) had threatened the defendant that evening to report him for starting the train without signal. The witnesses called for the defence stated that the defendant was not in any way under the influence of liquor. His Worship being satisfied that an assault had been committed on complainant, fined the defendant Rs. 40, Rs. 20 of which were ordered to be paid to complainant as compensation. The cross-charge of defamation brought by the defendant against the complainant was dismissed, as the complainant did not mean, in the official report submitted to his superiors, to say that the defendant was on the occasion in question intoxicated. He simply stated in his letter that the defendant was smelling of liquor, a statement which, in the opinion of the magistrate, was not defamation.

THE ALLEGED ASSAULT BY A COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

MR. AHMED ABDULA writes to us, with regard to the paragraph we published the other day about a detention of the Aurangabad mail tonga and an assault on the driver :—All that happened may be stated as follows. On my returning on sick leave to Hyderabad I engaged a tonga ; but at the moment the proprietor thereof had no tonga bearing a hood available, and he informed me that a conveyance of the description I needed urgently owing to my then impaired health, was expected shortly from Nandgaum, and that should I meet it on the road, I might exchange the one given me for it to accommodate myself and followers. About nine miles from Aurangabad I met a vehicle which was pointed out to me by attendance of the proprietor's instructions I asked the driver to stop, which he deliberately refused to do. As the both tongas (yoked with bulls) were on the same line I insisted on the driver obeying his master's orders, on which he became boisterous, and in a rage jumped out of his tonga with whip in hand and fell on the rough macadamised road and hurt himself. He then made a rush at one of my followers, who in self-defence managed to take away the whip from him. Finding that a scuffle might ensue, I at once ordered the parties to desist, on which the driver took to his heels to overtake his mail tonga. During the encounter the fare was not detained. It is very strange that the carriage in which I was travelling reached its destination, about forty-eight miles distant, in its proper time, if the mail cart was detained for half an hour, while it had only nine miles to travel.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 16.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT in CHAMBERS.)

RE THE NEW FLEMING SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.

YESTERDAY being fixed for the adjudication of claims in regard to the old Company, the matter was gone into, the Advocate-General appearing for the official liquidators. The amount claimed was Rs. 3,44,514, that allowed is Rs. 3,09,373. Among the claimants are Jairajbhai Peerbhoy Rs. 27,872, amount admitted Rs. 27,23l-4-0. The same party also claims the sum of Rs. 27,589 13-0, amount admitted is Rs. 23,981-4-0. A claim for Rs. 5100 of Edmund Pitamber was ordered to stand over, and the claim of Dhurmsey Khimjee for Rs. 468-4-0 was disallowed. The above amount of claims Rs. 3,09,373 was allowed by the liquidators, this sum including interest

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposits and allows Interests thereon as follows:—
Deposits subject to 6 months' notice of withdrawal, 1 percent.
Do. do. 12 do. do. ,,

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Shanghai and Hongkong. It also grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
J. BUCHAN, Acting Manager.

Bombay, 1st December 1877.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL PAID-UP—£1,500,000.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

DEPOSITS are received for fixed periods bearing interest at rates which may be ascertained on application.
No interest is allowed on Current Deposit Account.
Bills are bought and sold on England, Scotland, Ireland, Paris, and on the Branches and Agencies of the Corporation at Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Mauritius, Port Elizabeth, Melbourne, Sydney, and New Zealand.
Circular Notes are also issued for the use of Travellers negotiable in all towns of importance throughout the world.
The Corporation effect the purchase and sale of Government Papers, Stocks, Shares, &c., on account of constituents, and undertake the safe custody of the same, drawing the interest and dividends as they fall due.
Office Hours from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. Saturdays from 10 to 1.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE:—65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

MONEY REMITTED
At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and
On LONDON, | On IRELAND,
,, SCOTLAND, | ,, PARIS,
and also on all the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, NEW ZEALAND, and TASMANIA.
If desired, the Bank will send the Drafts direct to the party whose address is given.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS of CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued for the use of Travellers.
CUSTOMERS' SECURITIES are taken charge of Dividends collected, and Investments and Sales of all descriptions of Securities effected.

INTEREST

On Current Deposit Accounts is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal interest will be allowed ..... at 5 p. ct. per annum.
Do. 6 do. 4 do.

All letters should be addressed, and hoondies made payable, to the AGENT, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.

REG. MURRAY,
Bombay Agent.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE ST., LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.

RESERVE FUND—£190,000.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

BOMBAY.	PENANG.	HONGKONG.
CALCUTTA.	SINGAPORE.	MANILLA.
AKYAB.	BATAVIA.	SHANGHAI.
RANGOON.	SOURABAYA.	HANKOW.

THE BANK'S AGENCY IN BOMBAY

GRANTS DRAFTS on its HEAD OFFICE, LONDON BANKERS, FRANCE and GERMANY, as well as on the other AGENCIES and BRANCHES;
NEGOTIATES, and RECEIVES for COLLECTION, BILLS of EXCHANGE; EFFECTS REMITTANCES in the Bank's own Drafts, without charge for Commission and Conducts all kinds of General Banking Business.

INTEREST.

On Current Deposit Accounts Interest is allowed 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances, up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS OF MONEY

Are received at Call on terms which may be learned on application, and for Fixed Periods as follows:—
6 months' notice ..... 4 per cent. per annum.
12 ,, ... 5 ,, ,,

All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

THOMAS FORREST, Agent.

HOTELS.

LANOWLEE HOTEL.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL,
FOR FAMILIES AND GENTLEMEN.

ARDASEER MERWANJEE, Proprietor.

REMOVAL.

ENGLISH HOTEL,

HORNBY ROW.

COMFORTABLE MONSOON RESIDENCE ON VERY MODERATE TERMS.

Our NEW PREMISES have a delightful frontage, overlooking the Esplande and freely open to the sea breeze. All the Rooms are airy, commodious, and comfortable, and to each a Bathroom is attached with Shower Pipe. This Hotel is in a central position, all the Public Offices, the two Railway Stations, and the Apollo Bunder being within a few minutes' walk. An excellent and liberal table.
Private arrangements will also be made.
Breakfast, Tiffin, Dinner, and Supper supplied at the shortest notice.

PESTONJEE BAPOOJEE,
Proprietor.

CHANGE OF PROPRIETORS.

WINDSOR CASTLE HOTEL,

PAREL ROAD, BYCULLA.

Five minutes' walk from the Railway Station.
The Tram Cars run past the Door.
WINES, SPIRITS, LIQUORS, &c., of all BRANDS, and of the BEST QUALITY, supplied at MODERATE RATES.
One of Thurston's Billiard Tables available at all hours.
Board and Lodging at reasonable Terms.

THE undersigned beg to inform the Public that they have taken over the above Hotel, and trust that by strict attention to their business they will receive a fair share of patronage.
The Hotel is now under entire English supervision, and strict attention will be paid to the comfort of those who will kindly patronise the Hotel.
Special arrangements can be made to accommodate families.

W. H. PAUL,
Late Steward B. I. S. N. Company.
MRS. STEPHENS,
Proprietors.

FRASER AND MILLER,

CARNAC IRON WORKS,
PRINCE'S DOCK,
BOMBAY.

WE are now able to supply RUSTON, PROCTOR, & Co.'s celebrated Portable and Stationary Engines, Flour, and Mortar Mills, Sawing and Mining Machinery.
Prices and Photographs on application.
We are AGENTS to the PHOSPHOR BRONZE COMPANY, LIMITED, and have in stock all their Alloys and Rolled Sheets for Valves.
FOR SALE a complete Oil Mill, nearly new, with four Steel Cylinders, Presses, Engine, Boiler, and all necessaries complete, for Immediate work, by SAMUELSON & CO., OF HULL.
Several good and second-hand Boilers, Engines, Cotton Presses, and Pumps.
Estimates and plans given for Roofs, Girders, or any description of Iron Works.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing For is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.

A handsome pair of Bay Hungarian Geldings, 4 and 5 years old, 15-1½ high, broken to saddle, single and double harness. Rs. 2,200.
A Bay English Gelding, 7 off, 15-2½ high, a powerful and showy horse, capital fencer, has been ridden as a charger, and goes well in harness. Rs. 900.
A Black Arab Horse, 7 years, 15 hands high, perfectly quiet, and very strong, goes well in saddle, single and double harness. Rs. 550.
A Chesnut pair of Waler Geldings, 5 years, 15-1 high, broken to saddle, single and double harness. Rs. 1,400.
A pair of Bay Arabs, 5 years old, 14-2 high, broken to saddle, single and double harness. Rs. 1,000.
A Bay Thoro-bred Waler Gelding, 5 years old, 14-3 high, a good stepper and fast in harness. Rs. 600.
A well bred Brown Waler Cob Gelding, aged, 15 hands, goes well in brougham or dog-cart. Rs. 300.
A Black Waler Gelding, 5 years old, 15-3 high, a fine up standing horse and good mover, goes in harness. Rs. 600.
A Bay Waler Mare, 4 years, 15-1 high, very powerful, broken to harness, well suited for a brougham. Rs. 400.
A Bay pair of Arabs, 7 and 9 years, 14-1 high, go well in harness. Rs. 600.
Ghygaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 3rd September 1 0.

ENTIRE IRON FRAMED PIANOS.

THE ONLY RELIABLE FOR INDIA.

See Illustrated Priced Catalogue.

SOUNDY AND COMPANY, MUSIC SALOONS, BOMBAY.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER.

Constant Supplies of Millinery, &c., Received "Overland."
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS ALWAYS ON HAND TO SELECT FROM.
Estimates for making up Dresses, &c., on application.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. do. for "MOURNING."
Price Lists on application.
Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS will be COMMENCED in the course of a few days, and as soon as completed, we shall OPEN our NEW GOODS for the coming season which have been especially selected for us by our representative from the best HOME MARKETS, and will comprise the choicest and latest novelties in all classes of goods, and the prices will be marked in plain figures at such exceptionally low rates so as to ensure a speedy sale, our motto being small profits and quick returns.

N.B.—BUSINESS CARRIED ON AS USUAL DURING ALTERATIONS.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR,

(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL)

ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD, CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

BY APPOINTMENT

TO H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, K.C.S.I., GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

SPECIALITIES IN WATCHES.

LADIES' GOLD WATCHES.

With best horizontal movements, jewelled in many holes, in elegant gold hunting, half hunting, or open crystal cases, plain, tastefully engraved, or beautifully enamelled colours, keyless priced from Rs. 135 to Rs. 400.

Non-keyless priced from Rs. 100 to Rs. 225. Set with gems from Rs. 225 to Rs. 900.

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD WATCHES.

Of English make, with highly finished jewelled lever escapement movements, enamelled dial with small seconds, plain or compensated balance, strict hunting or half hunting or open crystal face cases, plain, engine turned, or richly engraved.

Keyless priced Rs. 290 to 430.

Non-keyless priced Rs. 225 to Rs. 350.

GENTLEMEN'S SILVER WATCHES.

Of English make with highly finished movements, lever escapement, in hunting, half hunting, or open crystal cases.

Keyless priced from Rs. 158 to Rs. 225.

Non-keyless priced Rs. 85 to Rs. 180.

Geneva lever watches, keyless, or non-keyless, priced from Rs. 40 to Rs. 80.

THE ALUMINIUM, OR SILVER KEYLESS WATCH.

In Silver Case, Rs. 45 Cash.
In Aluminium Case, Rs. 40 Cash.

Being keyless, it neither requires to be opened to wind it, nor to set the hands, this, in India, is a great advantage, dust and damp being kept out.

HAMILTON AND CO.,
Next door National Bank, Bombay.
August 23rd, 1880.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

BOMBAY AND POONA,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER SMITHS AND OPTICIANS.

A SPLENDID STOCK in hand of the following Goods:—

Gentlemen's Gold Watches, Crystal, Half Hunting and Hunting Keyless Levers, full Jewelled, Chronometer balance, suitable for presentation.

Minute and Quarter Repeaters, Chronographs, Independent Centre Seconds, Perpetual Calendars, Clock Watches, &c., of high class finish.

Ladies' Gold Watches, Keyless, Open Face, Half Hunting and Hunting, with beatifully engraved cases. Gentlemen's Silver Hunting and Open-faced Levers, in every style, an immense stock to select from. Ladies' Silver Watches in every new style. Keyless, German Silver, Railway, Shikar, and Campaign Watches.

An assortment of fine London finished Jewellery, consisting of Brooches, Ear-rings, Lockets, Necklets, Bracelets, &c., &c.

Optical Goods by A. Menist, of London and Amsterdam, for whom we are Sole Agents in the Bombay Presidency.

None but skilled European workmen are employed in the Repairing Department.

Catalogues and Menist's pamphlet free on application. Goods can be sent by Value Payable Post.

2, Hummum Street, Bombay. 1, East Street, Poona.

[FIFTH ANNUAL PUBLICAION.]

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY

AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1880.

Printed and Published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

The Publication for 1880 contains
BEAUTIFULLY EXECUTED LITHOGRAPHS
OF THE
PRINCIPAL PUBLIC BUILDINGS
IN
BOMBAY,
THE CAVES OF ELEPHANTA,
THE QUEEN'S AND PRINCE OF WALES'S STATUE, &c.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; WITH POSTAGE, Rs. 5-4; ENGLISH PRICE—Ten Shillings.

The "GUIDE" contains an increased amount of local and general information, corrected to the latest practicable date; while the whole contents of the work are carefully revised and re-arranged, and made as correct and trustworthy as possible.

In consequence of spurious imitations of

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,

which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have adopted
A NEW LABEL, bearing their Signature

LEA & PERRINS,

which is placed on every bottle of WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and without which none is genuine.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

OVERLAND TRUNKS, Rs. 27 to 42.
Rs. 12 to 42 PORTMANTEAUS.
Rs. 36 to 48 GLADSTONE BAGS.
Rs. 72 to 120 DRESSING BAGS.

DISCOUNT.—Two Annas in the Rupee (*equal to 12½ per cent.*)
Our new Illustrated Catalogue posted on application.

HOAR AND CO., 3, Rampart Row, BOMBAY.

TAILORS, SHIRT-MAKERS, GENERAL OUTFITTERS.
THE TRAVELLERS' KIT-HOUSE.

CARLTON WHISKY.

THE CARLTON WHISKIES, same as supplied to the Carlton and other London Clubs.

These Grand Old Whiskies are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS and Company, of London and Inverness, WHO ARE SOLE POSSESSORS OF THE BRAND "CARLTON."

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.

Cash.		Credit.		
32	0	33	0	11 years.
28	0	29	0	5 years.

Extract of Letter from Secretary of the Carlton Club:—"The consumption of this Spirit in the Club HAS GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whisky being MOST EXCELLENT."

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES that the *empty bottles* have been dishonestly *refilled* with the *poisonous trash* very often *sold* in *India under* the *name of Whisky*, this is therefore to *caution* the *Consumer* and *Corks* to see they have not been *tampered with*, also that the Corks, Capasules and Labels are *branded* with *Trade Mark*. *Legal proceedings* will be taken against persons *infringing* the *rights* of the *Shippers*.

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT NOTICE

FOR

TRAVELLERS & OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

THORPE AND COMPANY.

EVERY requisite ready for use, for a journey by Sea or Land, on business or pleasure, at a moment's notice.

	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Overland Suits	Rs. 20 to 28	0	Dog-skin Gloves	per pair	2	8	Money Belts	2	8
Sleeping do.	,, 5 to 16	0	Do. Driving	,,	3	4	Sovereign Boxes	2	8
Ulsters, Warm	,, 35 to 45	0	French Braces	Each	1	12	Carpet Bags	4	0
Loose Black Alpaca Coat	,, 10	0	Boys do.	,,	1	8	Courier Bags	4	8
Cardigan Jackets	Rs. 10 to 12	8	Cambric Handkerchiefs	per doz.	4	0	Gladstone Bags	28	0
Cotton Socks	per doz.	8	Best Linen Collars	,,	5	8	Square Mouth Bags Hide	20	8
Merino Socks, best	,,	20	Do. do. Cuffs	,,	10	8	Best Overland Trunks	28	0
Gauze Undervests	per ½ doz.	12	Washing Ties	per doz.	4	8	Railway Portmanteaus	20	0
Warm Undervest	Each	5	Pin Scarves	Each	0	12	Solid Leather ,,	30 to 65	0
Warm Pants	,,	5	Knot Scarves	,,	1	12	Solid Leather Dressing Cases	30 to 45	0
White Cashmere Mufflers	,,	3	Paper Collars	,,	0	10	Military Hair Brushes, Pair in		
Oxford Shirts	,,	5	Elastic Belts	Each	2	0	Leather Case	10	0
White do.	,,	4	Bridal Leather	Pair	4	0	Collar Boxes	Rs. 3 to 4	0
Best Flannel	,,	8	Eau de Cologne	Bottle	0	12	Pomatum Bottle		1	4
Warm Gloves	per pair	1	Atkinson White Rose	,,	2	8	Hair Brushes	Each	3	8
Kid Gloves, lined	,,	3	Soiled Linen Bags	,,	4	8	Razors		2	8
White Sun Umbrellas		3	Uniform Cases		20	0	Shaving Brushes		2	8
Silk Umbrellas, good quality		10	Waterproof Coats	from	10	8	Shaving Soaps		0	8
Ladies' do.	do.	10	Cholera Belts		2	8	Tooth Brushes		0	8
Fitted Morocco Bags	Rs. 40 to 45	0	Chairs without Arms		5	8	Tooth Paste Pot		1	4
Tiffin Baskets	,, 25	0	,, with do.		7	8	Nail Brushes	12 as. &	1	0
Canteens, fitted complete	,, 40	0	Arms and Leg Rests		9	8	Bath Sponges		1	6
Solid Leather Hat Cases	,, 25	0	Cotton Pillows		1	8	Sponge Bags		1	8
Tan Canvas Portmanteaus	,, 32	0	Leather Pillows		2	0	Shaving Bags, 4 cakes		1	8
Rezais or Quilts	,, 5	0	Do. Wallets		1	12	Bath Slippers		1	8
French Kid Gloves	per pair	2	Bank Note Holders		1	12	House Wife		2	2
White Doe Gloves	,,	3	Pocket Books		4	0	Mother-o'-Pearl Stud Sets		2	

THORPE AND COMPANY,

CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW AND HUMMUM STREETS, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS

BY LAND OR SEA.

BADHAM, PILE & CO.

Beg to draw the attention of Travellers and others to their
CELEBRATED TRAVELLING KIT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

THE PRICES QUOTED BELOW ARE FOR CASH ONLY.

	Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.		Rs.	a.
Deck Suits	10 to 17	8	Long Rugs or Scotch Mauds	10 to 35	0	Sailors' Knot	2	1
Overland Suits	,, 27	0	Rezais or Quilts	4-8 to 6	8	Windsor Scarfs for Bow, or Clog	2-8 to 4	0
Warm Suits	,, 30 to 40	0	Ladies' Long Wool Shawls, from	22	0	Gents' Canvas Shoes	1-8 to 6	0
Overcoats and Ulsters, from	35 to 55	0	Portmanteaus or Overland Trunks	12-8 to 23	0	Gents' Slippers	2-8 to 4	0
Dressing Gowns, from	10 to 20	0	Solid Leather do.	from 19	0	China Bath Slippers	1	0
Pyjamas	1	8	Black Hide Bags	11	8	Filters for Travellers covered Wicker, from	11	0
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	5	0	Gladstone Bags	,, 35	0	Pocket Filters	3	0
White Shirts	5	0	Ladies' Hand Bags	,, 11	4	Air-tight Uniform Cases	23	0
French Cambric do., Collar attached	5	0	Writing Cases, fitted	,, 11	4	Sponge Bags	from 1	8
Best Flannel Shirts	8	8	Gents' Bags, fitted	,, 72	0	Sponges	3	8
Silk and Wool do.	8	8	Ladies' Bags, fitted	,, 58	8	Soap Boxes	1-0 to 1	0
Spun Silk do.	11	0	Gents' Dressing Cases	11-8		Smelling Salts, per bottle	2	0
Gents' Under-vests	2-8 to 6	0	Soiled Linen Bags, all sizes	4 to 6	0	Aromatic Vinegar	2	0
Bathing Drawers from	2	0	Courier Bags	6-8 to 12	8	Tooth Brush Guards	0	12
Gents' Under-pants	4 to 8	0	Money Belts	2-8 to 4	0	Do. Brushes	0	12
Silk Suspenders	2	8	Sovereign Boxes	3-8 to 4	0	Nail do.	1	0
Gents' Cotton Socks, from	doz. 3	8	Tiffin Baskets fitted	16 to 22	8	Pocket Knives	1-8 to 3	8
Warm do.	15	8	Air Pillows, Cotton	6	0	Hair Brushes and Combs in Pig-skin case	10-8 to 12	8
Ladies' Under vests	4-8 to 6	8	Travelling do.	2	0	Razors, Ivory Handles	1 to 3	8
Ladies' White Cotton Hose	doz. 13	8	English Feather do.	7	8	Do. Straps	3-8 to 4	8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose	9	0	English Horse Hair Pillows	7	8	Nail Scissors	1-8 to 2	4
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose from	per pair 2	0	Cork Mattrasses	22	8	Briar Root Pipes	1-8 to 3	8
Children's White Cotton Socks from	per doz. 6-8 to 12	8	Rug Straps	1-8 to 2	0	Tobacco Pouches	1-8 to 3	8
Children's Heather Merino and Plain Colours	doz. 6-8 to 12	8	Waterproof Coats	10	0	Pocket Knives	1-8 to 3	8
Ladies' Sun and Travelling Hats, from	6 to 15	0	60-inch Drab Twill waterproof Sheeting		6	8	Marine Soap, 3 cakes for		1	8
Gents' Travelling Caps	4	8	42-inch White do.		4	8	Shaving do. Stick "Pears"		1	8
Gents' Travelling Scalskin Caps	8-8 to 8	8	Linen-faced Collars	doz. As. 12 to 0	11		Lloyd's Enxesis		1	8
Travelling Hats	6-8 to 8	8	Linen-faced Cuffs	,, ,,	1	8	Oriental Tooth Paste		1	8
Cardigan Jackets	8-8 to 12	8	Linen Collars	,, ,,	1	8	Fragrant Florilline		1	8
Sheets, per pair	9	0	Cambric Handkerchiefs	doz.	5	0	Overland Chairs, best Beech	6-8 to 13	8
Blankets, each	10	8	Warm Gloves	1-8 to	2	8	Luggage Lables, per doz		0	12
			Mitts		1	8	Hat Guards		0	8
			Mufflers		2	12	Ladies' Overland Chairs, from		6	8
			Pin Scarfs		2	8	Gents' ,, ,,		9	8

BADHAM, PILE & CO.,

HOSIERS, HATTERS, SHIRT-MAKERS,
TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CAMPAIGN KEYLESS WATCHES.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,

BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

In Open Crystal face cases	...	...	Rs. 25	0 0
In Hunting cases	...	...	,, 30	0 0
In Half-Hunting cases	...	...	,, 35	0 0

Two years' guarantee. Sent post free to every Station in India.

MESSRS. FAVRE, LEUBA & Co. beg to draw particular attention to the above watches, and confidently recommend them to every person who wants to buy a watch: CHEAP, STRONG, and GOOD.
These watches are of moderate size, in an extremely well-made and tight-shutting German Silver case.
The movement is protected inside by a glass dome.
The movement has a Patent Lever Escapement, built on the soundest scientific principles.
The watches are keyless, and the hands are set also through the keyless mechanism, so that there is no necessity of opening the watch.
The watches have a second hand.
The figures of the dial and the hands are left extra bold, so that the time can be seen instantly on a glance at the dial, and in nearly complete darkness.
The watch, as a whole, combines strength with all the conditions necessary to good time-keeping.
This watch has proved a complete success as a CAMPAIGN WATCH, and its usefulness is recognised by the daily increasing demand from all quarters of our Army in the field.
To Shikaries, Sportsmen, &c., these watches will prove to stand any amount of rough usage and handling.
We guarantee riding will not effect the working of these watches.
We dare confidently say that these watches, if treated with ordinary care, and cleaned once every two years, will give a 15 years' good service.
Every watch is fitted in a wooden case, in which will be found a spare glass, and a spare mainspring.
We receive now regular shipments of these watches by each mail, and every order can for the future be executed by return post.
Only watches that have been examined and timed are despatched on orders.
2 years' guarantee. Packing and postage free.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,

BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

N.B.—In order to protect our watches from inferior articles brought on the market under similar names, we engrave our name, or stamp our name, on all of them.
Illustrated Catalogues giving details of our enormous stock of pocket Watches, Clocks, &c., sent free on application.
Our new Illustrated Catalogue for the coming season will appear shortly.

NOTICES.

RIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMERY.—Ihlang-Ihlang, Jockey Club, Vanda and other Perfumes, Toilet Vinegar of world-wide celebrity, Toilet Water, Lavender Water, Florida Water, Eau de Cologne, Lime Juice and Glycerine for the Hair, Honey, Windsor, Tilia, Transparent Coal-tar, and other Toilet Soaps, Violet and Rice Powder, Aquadentine for the Teeth, Aromatic Ozonizer, a natural Air Purifier, &c. Sold by all Perfumers and Chemists. Registered Trade Mark—an Heraldic Rose. 96, Strand, 128, Regent-Street, and 24, Cornhill, London; 9, Boulevard des Capucines, Paris.

ATKINSON'S PERFUMERY.

ESS. WHITE ROSE. STEPHANOTIS. WOOD VIOLET. GOLD MEDAL EAU DE COLOGNE LAVENDER WATER.
Sold everywhere

GOLD MEDAL—PARIS, 1878.

Observe Trade Mark.
J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM,
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retailed by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market, near Jumma Musjid.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE.

TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
Cures Cold Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS.

CURE OF RHEUMATISM AND SCORBUTIC ERUPTION.

The Elms, North Cheam, Surrey, S., 4th March 1875.
"SIR,—I had been suffering from rheumatism for several years, together with scorbutic eruption of the skin, of a local nature, about the size of the palm of the hand, and was induced to try your Blood Mixture in consequence of two gentlemen in my neighbourhood having been cured of obstinate sore on the body. After taking two bottles I became much better, and continued it up to the tenth bottle, when I found the rheumatism had left me, and my arm was healed. I consider it a most valuable medicine.
"You are at liberty to use this letter in any way you think proper, for the benefit of others.
"Faithfully yours
"To Mr. F. J. Clarke." "THOMAS WATTS."
Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d. each, and in Cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, by ALL CHEMISTS, and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist.
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN ENGLAND.

ADVERTISING
AT
RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press having leased from the *GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY* and the *BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY*, the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these two Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices of Advertisements on the lines.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.
The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by the G. I. P. or B. B. and C. I. Railways to their destinations, Placards exhibited at the different stations on those lines are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers' business to the notice of the public.
Advertisers can select the stations, on either line, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in English or any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Rs. 2 per month. For every additional square foot annas 8.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square, will have the advantage of having his business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 2. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.
The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to THE MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort.

STATIONS ON THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Bombay.	Bhadli	Chindwara	Parus
B. Bunder.	Bhosawul Junction†	Satari	Dapki
Musjid ,,	Sowda	Shapura	Akola
Byculla	Nimborah	Mirganj (for Marble Rocks)	Boregaum
Chinchpoogly	Raver	Nagpoor	Katipurna
Parel Station	Khanapur	Hula Gate	Moortizapoor
Dadur	Burhanpur	Budlapoor	Mohoma
Sion	Chandnee	Wangni	Koorun
Coorla	Mandwa	Narel	Budnaira
Ghat-Cooper	Dongergaum	Chinchowli	Malker
Bhandoop	Bagmar	Kurjut†	Chandoor
Tannah	Khundwa†	Padesdari	Damergaum
Deewa	Jawar	Khandalla	Poolgaum
Callian Junction†	Beech	Lanowlee	Dygaum
Titwalla	Singaji	Karli	Wirdah†
Khadawali	Harsud	Kurkulla	Pownar
Wassind	Kirkeam	Thullgaon	Sindee
Shapoor	Itheringee	Salaivadi	Boree
Atgaum	Hurda	Chinchw